

Astor Party Will Reach Danville Night of May 4

Telegram Denoting Personnel of Guests Will Come from Richmond — Public Ceremony Here Set for May 5th.

Arrangements for the entertainment of Lady Astor and her traveling party when they come here on Friday night, May 4th, today began in earnest. The committee in charge of the party, which is expected to arrive in Danville on May 4th, the original date of her visit. She expressed regret over this and asked if May 4th would suit the city of Danville as well. A reply was sent to her, stating that arrangements for her entertainment would be postponed for one day.

This morning Col. Carrington, chairman ex-officio of the committee on arrangements, received a telegram from Lady Astor in which she said that she and her party would arrive in Danville from Richmond at 9:45 p. m. on Thursday, May 4th, thus giving her a full day on May 5th in her native city. The telegram gave the personnel of her party which will include seven persons. Lady Astor and her husband, Viscount Astor; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, the latter being Lady Astor's sister; her brother, W. H. Langhorne, of Albemarle county, a secretary, maids and a valet. Reservations have already been made for the visitors at the Hotel Burton.

Subscriptions for the silver loving cup which is to be presented to Lady Astor as a memento to be carried back to England from her native city are still being received by the special committee composed of Col. W. Dudley and H. C. Ficklen. In order to secure a good sized cup which can bear the engraved inscription to be placed upon it, about \$200 additional will be needed. It was pointed out today that the fund must be subscribed within the next day or two in order that the cup may be secured and properly engraved. The names of the donors will be contained on a parchment scroll to be given to Lady Astor with the cup.

The programme of events on May 5th has been virtually settled. Although it will be subject to change, on Thursday night the visitors will be met at the station by the reception committee which has been appointed as follows: Mayor Harry Wooding, H. C. Ficklen, W. E. Meade, W. B. Hill and W. T. Paxton. The party will be escorted to the Hotel Burton where they will spend the night.

On the following morning the city council will be called into special session at 10:30 o'clock, at which time the visiting party will be escorted to the council chamber where will be assembled the city council. At that time, Col. Carrington will deliver the address of welcome and Lady Astor will respond. Mayor Harry Wood-

Mathilde To Be a June Bride



Denying reports that they have changed their minds about marrying, Max Oser, Swiss riding master, and his fiancée Miss Mathilde McCormick, granddaughter of John D. Rockefeller, are arranging for their wedding at Basle, Switzerland, the latter part of June.

France May Quit Parley

Will Insist on Terms of Small Docket Poincare's Speech and Are in Favor Ultimatum to Russia.

(By The Associated Press.) LONDON, April 25.—A Central News dispatch from Geneva reports that French delegates have been instructed to insist upon terms contained in Premier Poincare's speech at Bar Le Duc. The French will press for a forty-eight hour ultimatum to Russia or else quit the conference.

(By The Associated Press.) GEORGETOWN, April 25.—Foreign Minister Tchitcherine, declared today to the Associated Press that all resistance to the Russian principle of nationalization was blocking the economic conference.

Three Fugitives Caught Here

Three fugitives from justice were arrested by police officers here yesterday and last night. Sergeant J. H. Martin and Police Officer O. T. Cook placed under arrest Willie Field, a negro, wanted in Winston-Salem, N. C., on a charge of felonious assault.

An alleged check forger who has been sought by the Lynchburg authorities was arrested on the street last night about 1:30 by Police Officer W. T. Kessler. His name is J. W. Tinsley, alias James Kinsaid, and is said to have received about \$1,000 by passing worthless checks in Lynchburg and vicinity. Tinsley had \$76 in currency in his pocket when arrested. He was taken charge of by Detective Childers, from Lynchburg. This morning he returned to that place.

Patrolman O. S. Mayberry last night about 9 o'clock arrested Percy Owens, said to be wanted in Wentworth, N. C. in connection with the larceny of an automobile, and with having been caught with a load of whisky. Mayberry will leave this afternoon with the prisoner.

Texas Cities Hit By Flood

(By The Associated Press.) DALLAS, April 25.—Streets in both commercial and residential sections are overflowing and some streets are impassable result of standing water and floating debris. Residents in the river lowlands are preparing to flee.

Two Non-Union Mines Resume

(By The Associated Press.) PITTSBURGH, April 25.—Resumption of a number of non-union mines in the Fayette and Westmoreland districts, which closed on account of the coal strike, was reported today by railroads handling their product. Women who were arrested in connection with a disturbance were released from the Uniontown jail, when it was learned each was the mother of a large family and was needed at home.

Motorists Must Now Stop Before Passing Over Railway Lines

A new law which was adopted by the recent General Assembly and of which the motoring public generally appears to be unfamiliar, is that which compels all automobilists to come to a dead stop before crossing railway tracks which cross a public road. The bill known as House Bill 326, was approved on March 25th, and is designed to reduce crossing fatalities so frequently recorded. It is understood here that the bill was passed as emergency legislation, and thus became effective on the date of its approval.

Major Joseph B. Anderson provided a copy of the bill to a reporter today, and it is given in full hereunder for the guidance of motorists:

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, that except in cities and incorporated towns and villages of one thousand inhabitants or more, it shall be the duty of every person driving any vehicle on a public highway, in approaching a place where a railway crosses such public highway at grade, to stop before passing over such crossing, at a distance of not less than ten feet nor more than 100 feet from the nearest rail of such railway track. Provided, that this act shall not apply to any public railway crossing at a grade, or railway lines on which only purely local trains are operated.

2. The provisions of this act shall not change or alter in any manner the existing law as to the duty or liability of railway companies for damages to persons or property. And failure to comply with the provisions of this act on the part of the driver of the vehicle shall not be considered contributory negligence in an action against the railway company for damage to persons or property, whether the same be for injury to the person or property of the driver or any other person. And it shall not be necessary to establish the fact that the driver complied with the provisions of this act in order to recover in any action for damage to person or property against a railway company.

3. That except in cities and incorporated towns it shall be the duty of the railway companies to erect and maintain at every point where a public highway crosses a railway track, visible for 100 feet on each side of its track with the words, "Main Line—Danger—Stop," in letters at least six inches in height.

Any driver of any vehicle included in this act and any person, firm or corporation, violating the provisions of this act, shall be fined not exceeding \$10 for each offense; provided that this act shall not apply to electric railways.

Weeks Opposes Army Of 115,000; Says It Is Unsafe

(By The Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, April 25.—The 115,000 enlisted strength army bill, passed by the House, provides a military structure below the safe minimum requirements of the nation. Secretary Weeks told the Senate appropriations committee, urging 150,000 men, with 13,000 officers.

Feudists Ready For a "Clean-Up"

(By The Associated Press.) MANCHESTER, Ky., April 25.—Feudists in Clay county, who months ago were ready to shoot and kill, are now on sight, have joined hands and with the civil authorities will clean up the action of Judge Johnson who issued warrants for the arrest of two residents of the mountain territory.

Case Is Dismissed As Evidence Lacks

A warrant against J. Alvin Walker, charging him with violating the Mapp Act, was dismissed in the police court this morning. The charge was the outgrowth of testimony several days ago by Ben Burks and Will Saunders, who figured in a fight at Walker's house, that they went there and purchased each drink of whiskey.

Plan To Entertain T. P. A. Delegates

M. O. Nelson reported good progress today in preparation of the Travellers' Protective Association convention which will be held here on May 5th and 6th. A good fund is said to have been raised among the local merchants for the entertainment of the visiting delegates. About 400 delegates will be here from the 15 various posts scattered throughout the state and an interesting programme is being arranged for the state officers.

Threaten Lives Of Officials If City Manager Is Not Removed

COLUMBUS, Ga., April 25.—Today, between noon and 4 o'clock, the "time limit" of 48 hours, set by the letters received by Mayor J. Homer Dimen and City Manager H. Gordon Hinkle, as the "dead line" for the removal of the latter, will have been passed.

The letters received late Saturday by the head of the city government threatened the lives of the two officials should the mayor fail to discharge the city manager and E. E. Massey, superintendent of public works, within 48 hours. The reason for the sending of the missives is unknown.

According to the postal stamp on the letters, they were mailed during the noon hour, which leads the detective force to assume that the time limit will expire during the early afternoon.

Manager Hinkle was attacked on one of the main streets of Columbus Friday evening by three men, while he was returning to his home after placing his automobile in a garage. While seriously injured, the manager is at his desk today with his head in bandages.

Adding more to the seriousness of the situation is the fact that they directly refer to the attack on the city manager Friday.

The city has offered \$1,000 for the assailants of the city manager.

To Discuss New Russian Demands

Gray Case Sent To Grand Jury After Hearing

After several postponements, the case of Charlie Gray, alleged negro bootlegger, was heard this morning in the mayor's court and sent to the grand jury. Emmett Davis, who was also held for the grand jury. The two negroes were arrested several weeks ago in the act, it is alleged, of delivering a half gallon of whiskey to George Govas, who operates a restaurant on Union street. This was Gray's third violation of the liquor law. The arrests were made by Sergeant Martin and Patrolman W. S. Edwards.

Incendiary Blaze Calls Firemen To Cemetery Morgue

NORFOLK, Va., April 24.—For the first time in the history of the department Norfolk firemen this morning battled with a blaze in a cemetery. Fire of incendiary origin, it is said, destroyed the keeper's office, a barn and morgue, two horses, a wagon and the body of a negro woman in Calvary cemetery.

When the fire was discovered it had gained so much headway that there was no possibility of saving the buildings or contents. The horses and wagon with a lot of tools, were in the barn. The body had been taken to the cemetery Sunday and was placed in the morgue to await burial.

Commander Is Slain In Athlone

(By The Associated Press.) DUBLIN, April 25.—Brigadier General A. J. B. Bragg, commanding the Athlone brigade of the regular Irish Republican army, was shot dead near the headquarters of the independent Republican forces at Athlone.

Pugilist Dies After Knockout

(By The Associated Press.) NEW YORK, April 25.—Lew Brody, lightweight pugilist, died in a Brooklyn hospital today after a knockout by Frankie Pitcher in a bout last night.

Calls In Priest, Then Shoots Self

NEW YORK, April 24.—Psychic analysis may find an intricate problem in the case of John Crowley, 41, formerly a policeman, who sent a caller to the hospital with a broken head Wednesday night, charged him and his companions with felonious assault but was himself arrested on a similar counter charge when those he accused were freed. Last night Crowley shot himself.

Green Street Will Be Improved This Week

The Jefferson street sheet asphalt improvement has been completed and the street will be opened to the public probably on Wednesday evening. The force of men who have been working on Jefferson street will next move to Green street, according to the city engineer, where the same treatment is to be placed on top of the present cobble stones, affording another smooth pavement.

Seventh Grade Pupils Are Given Prizes

The following pupils in the seventh grade of Robert E. Lee and Stonevale Jackson schools received prizes for success on compositions written on the subject, "Cleaning Up and Beautifying the City."

1st prize, Miss Margaret DuBose, 2d prize, Hughes Powell; 3rd prize, Miss Leslie Carter.

Hurt in Fall from Skidding Motorcycle

City Jailor James P. Brooks was painfully injured yesterday afternoon when he was thrown from a motorcycle he had borrowed from City Fireman Gaudin to make a trip to the rock quarry. While passing over railroad tracks on River street his machine skidded and he was thrown some distance, injuring his knee.

Deaths Of J. T. Williams

The death of J. T. Williams, 53, for many years a sufferer of heart trouble and who succumbed to an attack at about 1 o'clock. He was a Confederate veteran and was the oldest member of Rock Spring Methodist church, with which he was affiliated for 50 years. The funeral will be conducted tomorrow from the church and interment will be made in the old family burial ground.

Deaths Of Lawson Williams

The death took place yesterday morning of Lawson Williams, 24, of Lawson Williams, aged 24, after a long illness. He was a son of J. C. Williams, of Milton, and is survived by his mother and a brother. His former partner was Miss Mollie C. Guthrie. The funeral will be held this afternoon.

Life Insurance—"Buy from Bass"

Don't forget the Twenty-five Percent Reduction on Coupon Books effective May First at The Life and Cafeteria.

Major Problems to Be Discussed Here

Social Welfare Delegates Will Be Brought Face to Face With State Situation.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the Virginia conference of social work will be held in the city of Danville, Va., from May 7-8-9. A auditorium of the city, May 7-8-9. The conference met in Danville in January, 1914. Dr. Douglas Freeman, editor of the News-Leader, was at that time president; Albert L. Roper, mayor of Norfolk, is president of the conference. The purpose of the conference is to educate the public mind to a proper conception of the needs of the indigent, delinquent and delinquent classes; to encourage a humane and philanthropic spirit; to create and foster a deeper and more general interest in the unfortunate, the destitute, the homeless and the neglected, the feeble-minded, the insane, epileptics, the alcoholic, etc., to instill in the people at large and in their own locality and to work out a sound, humane and economic method of handling present problems and preventing their increase.

Mrs. Millie White Dies In Rochester

A telegram received this morning by this paper announced the death in Rochester, N. Y., of Mrs. Millie White, a native and long time resident of Sutherland, also for a brief period a resident of Danville. Mrs. White died after a short illness at her home, 249 Columbia Avenue, Rochester. She is survived by her husband, Benjamin White, a daughter, Margaret White, two sisters, Miss Sara Mumford and Mrs. Marie Hayes, both of Sutherland, two brothers, John Mumford, of Sutherland, and Levi Mumford, of Detroit, Mich. Services were held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the home of a sister will be followed by services at Trinity Presbyterian church, after which the body will be brought to Sutherland for interment.

Edwards Revival Party Due Tonight

Evangelistic services began Sunday with large congregations at the Jefferson Avenue Christian church. Tonight Rev. H. W. Connelly, pastor of the Second Baptist church, will preach.

The Edwards-Pollock evangelistic party will arrive late this evening from Greenville, N. C., where they have just closed a successful meeting. The party consists of the Rev. Ben M. Edwards and Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Pollock. Mrs. Edwards and the Edwards baby, 20 months of age, joined the party at Greenville, April 20th, and will accompany the party to Danville, and remain for a week or ten days. Mrs. Edwards is on her way to Asheville, N. C.

M. C. Motley, one of the officers of the Jefferson Avenue church, received a letter from a friend in Greenville recently in which the writer spoke in the highest terms of the Edwards-Pollock party and the fine impression they created in Greenville.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH REPORT FOR THE QUARTER

The report of the Health Department for the quarter ending March 31 was issued yesterday by Dr. O. W. Barnett, city health officer. The first three months of the year there were 60 more births than deaths. One hundred and seventy-three births were recorded in the city during this period, 131 white and 42 colored.

One hundred and thirteen deaths occurred during that time of which 74 were white and 39 colored. Nine deaths from one single cause, this being from heart failure, coming second on the list of deaths. Coming next was pneumonia. A report on contagious diseases showed that there were 181 such cases during the three months.

An improvement in the city is shown since the new milk ordinance was passed.

Some little space is devoted to stressing the importance of the clean-up campaign which is being conducted during the present week, having started on Monday.

MRS. ALICE S. WHITE.

Mrs. Alice Sparrow White, Keeling, Va., passed away peacefully at her home at 130 o'clock Monday morning. While she had been an invalid for several years she had been in usual health until about a week ago when she suffered a severe attack of bronchitis, from which she had not fully recovered. Her family and friends are greatly shocked at her sudden death. The funeral will be conducted from the home this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Davis, of Lucama, N. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Jessie, to Eugene C. Jernigan, son of Mrs. O. A. Jernigan, of Durham, N. C. The wedding will be in June.

Witcher Dudley, who is now engaged in the tobacco business at Winchester, Ky., is home on a visit to his parents, Col. and Mrs. O. W. Dudley.

E. J. CARPER



Your Health is the Most Valuable Asset You Have

Here is a Well-Known Man's Advice. Belapoint, W. Va.—"It affords me great pleasure to have the privilege to make public this statement in behalf of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I cannot recommend it too highly to the public. We have used it in our family for years and have reaped good results. We have always found the 'Discovery' superior to any other tonic—it is a wonderful system builder. I can cheerfully recommend it."—E. J. Carper, Box 4.

As soon as you begin to take this "Discovery" you begin to feel its bracing, appetizing effect. Buy of your neighborhood drug store in tablets or liquid, or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, in Buffalo, N. Y., for trial pkg. of tablets and write for free medical advice—adv.

Money Back If "Gets-It" Fails

Nothing is so utterly needless as the suffering from aching, painful corns. It



It is as easy to peel off a corn as to skin a toad. Touch it with "Gets-It" and the toad is done. Corns, calluses, soft corns, corns or calluses. All pain stops instantly and the corn proceeds to loosen and soon can be lifted off. Your money is cheerfully refunded if it fails. Be it never fails. Costs but a little. E. Lawrence & Co., Inc., Chicago.

Sold in Danville by M. M. Stevenson, J. C. McCall, a Drug Store and John L. Hagan.

Mission Society Begins Sessions

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Episcopal church, South, began its convention in the auditorium of the Mount Vernon church, with a very good representation from the most active societies throughout the portion of this State covered by the conference and with many members of this and other Methodist churches in attendance.

This body held its convention in Danville about eight years ago and then as now held its sessions at Mount Vernon church. At last night's assembling the session was inaugurated with a brief devotional service conducted by Rev. J. Callaway Robertson, pastor of Mount Vernon.

After an enjoyable musical number, happy addresses in the nature of greetings and welcome were made by Mrs. J. Callaway Robertson and Mrs. James M. Ley, and an appropriate response was made by Mrs. Simpson, one of the visiting delegates.

With these preliminaries, the delegates then listened to an address by the Rev. J. N. Latham, D. D., pastor of the Main street church, an earnest and thoughtful appeal for the stimulation of the missionary spirit and the development of the great work being undertaken by the Methodists in conjunction with the other evangelical churches.

After another musical interval, Mrs. Lee Britt, of Suffolk, for many years president and an earnest and efficient worker in missions, made a thoughtful, instructive and impressive address on "The World, a Mission Field."

This was in the nature of a keynote address of the conference, which will continue its sessions morning, noon and evening, and still again on Thursday, closing with the evening service on Thursday.

The program announced for this forenoon and afternoon follows:

This Afternoon.

2:00—Devotional. "Losing Self in Service." Mrs. N. V. Coleman; reports, Mrs. R. H. Potts, superintendent of supplies, Mrs. H. T. Richeson, editor, Mrs. J. D. Murrell.

GOVERNOR SMALL GOES ON TRIAL

WAUKEGAN, Ill., April 24.—(Associated Press.)—Len Small, governor of Illinois, on trial today charged with conspiracy to embezzle State funds while he was State treasurer. Tonight one juror had been tentatively accepted by both sides, one tentatively passed by the defense and twenty-two dismissed for cause.

The governor's trial, which is the first of its kind in the history of the State, is being held at Springfield, where the governor returned the indictments against the governor.

During the questioning by the State of one of the prospective jurors, Frank Popp, a young farmer, as to whether he had a fixed opinion, he pointed to the governor and said: "You want to stick that guy in, don't you?"

WOODROW WILSON FOUNDATION

The following subscriptions were received yesterday to the Woodrow Wilson Foundation:

W. P. Horner	1.00
S. S. Herman	2.00
A. Booth	3.00
A. C. Conway	5.00
D. A. Overby	5.00
C. W. Lewis	1.00
Previously reported	145.00
Total	\$165.00

BAILEY—EVANS.

Saturday evening at 10 o'clock the home of Rev. M. W. Royall was the scene of a quiet marriage when Miss Myrtle Evans became the bride of Robert L. Bailey. Only a few friends were present to witness the ceremony. The bride is the attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Evans, of Caswell county, North Carolina. The groom is a prosperous young business man at that section.

Immediately after the ceremony the young couple left for a visit to friends in Norfolk, Va.

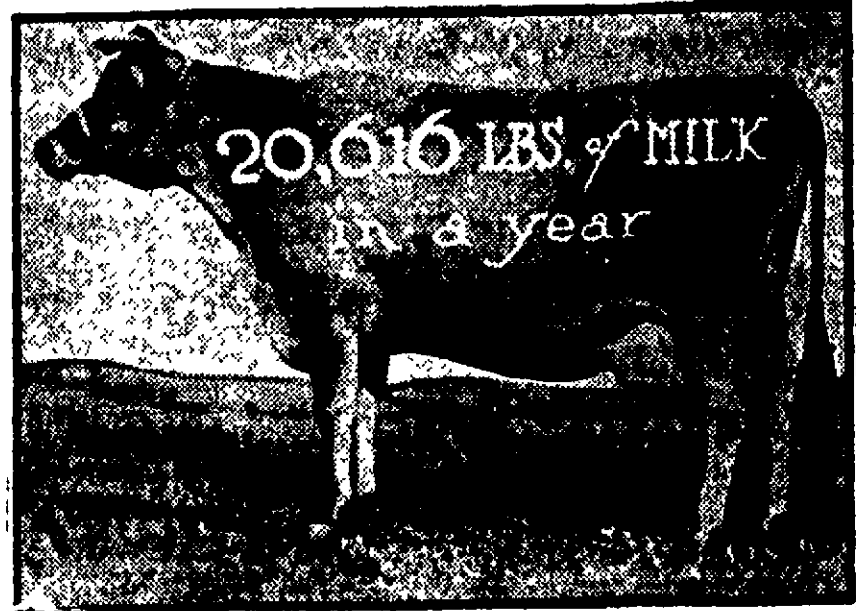
MIERE MENTION

The Second Circle of the Woman's Auxiliary of the church of epiphany will give a benefit concert Wednesday, April 26, at 8:30 p. m. Avrett College. Gladys Lea, soloist. Don't miss this musical treat.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Clyde White have returned from their honeymoon to Southern cities.

—T. H. Martin, who has been suffering with rheumatism, has gone to Hot Springs, Va.

This Cow Breaks Milk Record



Fauvic's Star, a Jersey cow owned by Col. A. V. Barnes, New Canaan, Conn., has set a new record for milk production with 20,616 pounds in a year. The record was formerly held by Passport, a New York cow, with a record of 19,695.

Recitals Held At R. M. I. Last Night

The first of the series of graduation recitals for the session at the Randolph-Macon Institute last night attracted an audience that completely filled the institute hall and which was a notably attentive and appreciative one. Three graduates in as many schools participated in the recital and contributed variety as well as brilliancy to the entertainment.

There were Miss Grace Odell Gentry, of this city, who graduated in the piano department, Miss Margaret Frances Tuggle, graduate in the voice department, and Miss Jessie Allen Wilkins, graduate in the department of expression.

Miss Tuggle, pupil of Miss Anne D. Carrington, opened the evening's entertainment with a varied and contrasting group of songs, well calculated to test the qualities of her voice and its effective cultivation and to afford scope for interpretative power and versatility. She has a fine soprano of excellent range and volume, one of the best voices trained at R. M. I. in recent years. Her first selection was an Elizabethan ballad, "Brown Is My Love." This was admirably rendered and made an excellent impression. Haydn's "She Never Told Her Love" in which the rich full, round tones of her voice showed to excellent effect and showed the effects of careful culture. She then sang Bishop's "Lo, Hear the Gentle Lark," a number which afforded scope for some fine trills and runs and was as full of melody as the last song. The final number in this group was a dramatic selection, Sharp's "Possession," which tested the spirit and power of the singer.

The young singer was accorded a fine ovation by her audience.

Her next group was a quartet of pastorals arranged by Weckerlin and including "Maman, dites-moi," "L'Amour s'envole," "Celtic" and "Paris Est au Roi." Her third appearance presented her in the bill as Miss Fisher, made her graduation debut in "Mam'zelle," an excellent bit of elocution. She closed the first part with a trio of selections attractively varied in theme and character, the first being the patriotic devotion at "Recession" by Kipling, then "Jest Her Way," a dialect selection and finally "A Boy's Monologue" with a chance for some clever character work and with a vein of humor.

In the second part of the program, Miss Wilkins contributed "The Masterpiece," a severe test of the reader's art, both in point of length and character of the selection. Altogether her work showed excellent training and the earnestness and comprehension of a studious pupil.

Miss Gentry, a Danville girl and a pupil of Miss Hattie E. McMillan, on her initial appearance played the Allegro from Beethoven's 53rd work, a number in which her musicianship and the brilliancy of her training were admirably tested. She was accorded an ovation by the audience on her first performance. On her second appearance she played a group of piano classics, including MacDowell's "Hexentanz," two Liszt numbers, including the beautiful "Rhapsodie Hongroise" with its rapid and even figures movement, always a trying test of a pianist's mastery of technique. Her other Liszt number was "The Nightingale," a colorful and beautiful number. The fine selection of the group was the Ole Olson "Butterflies," in which she showed evenness and delicacy. She closed the evening's program with another searching test of a pianist's ability by giving a handsome rendition of the Allegro Moderato by Hummel, opus 85, her teacher, Miss McMillan playing the orchestral parts on second piano. It was a fitting climax for a musical evening.

BIG SOCIAL RECEPTION FOR LADY ASTOR

RICHMOND, April 24.—Governor Trinkle has arranged for a reception to be given in the mansion the night of May 2 to Lady Astor. It will be one of the big social events of the year. Invitations are being prepared for the occasion, and the chances are that the most representative social function of the season will be this reception. Lady Astor has already wired her announcement to be here on that day and expressing pleasure at that honor due her.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Outdoor activities are rapidly taking the place of indoor work and play. Playground baseball is very popular with the boys, and games are being played. Hikes and camping trips are also being planned for the warm weather. Handball is gaining in popularity with the men, and the court is generally always occupied.

A new health class has been organized for busy insurance men this class at 8:30 a. m. is being regularly attended.

Medicine ball, indoor ball and volleyball games are played.

MERE MENTION

Every bit of dandruff disappears with a Golden Glist Shampoo—adv.

GRNSBORO MOVIES MERGED INTO A BIG ENTERPRISE

The following article, taken from the Greensboro News, announcing that George W. Pryor has bought half interest in three theatres of that city, giving his enterprise control of the theatre business in Greensboro, will be read with interest here because of Mr. Pryor's connection with the local theatres.

"George W. Pryor, one of the foremost theatrical men in North Carolina, has purchased half interest in the Bijou, Imperial and Grand theatres owned by Roland G. Hill, Claude Hedges, of this city, W. B. Hill, of Danville, Va., and S. A. Lynch, of the Southern Enterprise, Atlanta, Ga. This information was made public last night.

"Following this purchase, a new company, known as the National Theatres, Inc., was organized for the purpose of operating the theatres in Greensboro. The National Theatres, Inc., will have charge of the general management of the new corporation, with the following officers, T. G. Leitch, Roland G. Hill and George W. Pryor.

"Mr. Pryor's purchase of interest in the Bijou, Imperial and Grand means that the Lynch interests retire from the city, giving the National's management control of the theatre business in Greensboro.

"The consolidation of the theatres in the city the National Theatres, Inc., one of the most magnificent playhouses in the South, will be able to give motion picture power in Greensboro the very best pictures to be shown in the world, inasmuch as this theatre's management will have the choice of selecting its pictures without any competition whatsoever. And this doesn't mean that the other theatres will be permitted to sag. The management of the newly formed corporation will see to it that these houses are well provided with desirable pictures.

"Jack Cunningham, who has served as manager of the National since its opening several months ago, will be manager of the National and Grand, while H. Somerville becomes manager of the Imperial and the Isis theatres. The Bijou, which has been closed for several weeks, will remain closed indefinitely, as the management of the new corporation feels that it will be able to serve the people of Greensboro without the Bijou.

"Roland G. Hill, who for several years has been actively at the head of the Grand, Bijou and Imperial, while retaining an interest in the consolidated corporation, will devote his entire time to the management of the Lynch theatres in Durham and Mount Airy. He Chester, S. C. and Captain S. C. Lynch in the Imperial theatre building this city, according to information here last night.

Messrs. Leitch, George W. Pryor, of the city, and John F. Pryor, of Danville, who have operated the National and Isis, will continue at the head of theatres in Durham, Danville, Fayetteville and Richmond, Va. The theatres in these portions, but the central headquarters are located in Greensboro."

ONE EDITOR KILLS ANOTHER IN COL.

DURANGO, Col., April 24.—William L. Wood, 35, city editor of the Durango Herald, was shot and killed here today by Rod S. Day, 47, editor of the Durango Democrat.

The shooting occurred in the business district, is said to have grown out of an editorial fight over the 18th amendment to the constitution.

Day gave himself up and is being held at the sheriff's office. No witnesses to the shooting have been found by the authorities.

The editorial controversy is said to have started when the Herald printed a clipping from another Colorado newspaper which declared that the Democrat was one of the few newspapers fighting the dry law. The change of editorial content continued about a week, until it finally grew personal.

When Day and Wood met today, authorities said they learned, the latter is declared to have started an argument. Wood is then alleged to have struck Day with a weapon breaking Day's nose and inflicting other injuries. The shooting is said to have followed. Wood, who was married, died in a hospital an hour later.

WINNERS FOR WEEK

Those who received stars for observing the health rules for the week ending April 21 in the 1-A grade, Stonewall Jackson school, Miss Utha Gray Smith, teacher, are Hazel Adams, Dora Evans, Thelma Evans, Mollie Hicks, Kathleen Jefferson, Eunice Marshall, Hope Savage, Jessie Smith, Ruth Seacra, Nester Trent.

—John G. Miller, of Richmond, is in the city, the guest of Mrs. A. T. Wellen.

LAST AMENDMENTS CAUSE OF ALL OF OUR TROUBLES

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., April 24.—Peter O. Knight, of Teague, Fla., general counsel of the Southern Hardware Jobsbers association, in an address before the convention of the American Supply and Machinery Manufacturers' association here today, while expressing the view that the nation is sound economically, declared that "nineteenth of our political troubles are due to the enactment of the sixteenth amendment."

"The amendment," he declared, "is directly contrary to the principles laid down by the constitution. The people as a whole are not always qualified to choose the law making representatives."

Commenting upon the seventeenth amendment, Mr. Knight said that "there is coming more and more into evidence a tendency to destroy private property rights absolutely and without interference of the supreme court."

"Who would have thought," he continued, "some years ago after our fight with sword and pen that there would be added constitutional regulation of our sumptuary laws to the end that no one should have national prohibition? I say it is wrong for the State of New York to impose upon the people of Alabama a law which is a matter of purely local regulation, and I also say that the people of Illinois have no right to impose on the people of Georgia a woman's suffrage amendment. All of these four amendments are inspired by views contrary to the spirit which actuated the framers of our constitution in founding the Republic."

Mr. Knight asserted that there was an office-holder for every forty of the population "with dissatisfaction general and steadily increasing."

But aside from the governmental "draw-backs," Mr. Knight foresaw a rosy picture of American business.

"We can feed and supply the world," he said, "and then have plenty left for ourselves."

RUSSO-GERMAN TREATY WAS NEGOTIATED AFTER SECRET CONFERENCES

RIGA, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Russo-German treaty which started the Genoa economic conference was agreed upon in Moscow after secret negotiations between Premier Lenin himself and Admiral Paul von Hinz, one of the leading diplomats of former Emperor Wilhelm's regime, it was stated here today on good authority.

Admiral von Hinz, who acquired fame through his diplomatic activities in Mexico and China during the war, went to Moscow incognito a month ago, it was said, and held several audiences with the soviet premier, conducting his affairs so secretly that even Dr. August Bernhard Widenfeld, Germany's official representative, knew little of the actual progress of the negotiations.

24-HOUR STRIKE COMES TO CLOSE

DUBLIN, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The 24-hour strike terminated at 9 o'clock tonight with three gigantic demonstrations held to mark the approach of the hour against militarism. There were no disorders in connection with the strike, but a mild sensation was created by placards posted throughout the city proclaiming an Irish workers' republic. An investigation proved that the proclamation was bogus.

The object of the proclamation apparently was to distract from the success of labor's protest and alienate the sympathy of the employers by suggesting that the labor party had engineered the strike with the purpose of establishing a soviet government throughout the day a holiday spirit prevailed, the people accepting the situation with the utmost good humor. There was no tram of railway traffic in the streets and no communication by telephone or telegraph.

At the hotels, where the staffs ceased work at 11 o'clock, some of the guests became cooks and others waiters and waitresses. The hour picked for the termination of the strike this evening coincided with the sixth anniversary of the Easter uprising of 1916.

SERVICES FOR BISHOP BEATTY

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 24.—Brief services for the Right Reverend Troy Beatty, bishop coadjutor of the Tennessee diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, who died at his home here Sunday after a short illness of double pneumonia, were held this afternoon in the local Episcopal clergyman officiating.

Among the numerous visitors here to attend services were Reverend Charles T. Wright, rector of Grace church, Memphis, J. H. Bacheler, senior warden, and J. G. Perkins, junior warden, who came as representatives of Grace church, of which Bishop Beatty was rector when elevated to the episcopacy. They will accompany the body to Memphis, leaving here at 1 o'clock tonight, where the funeral will take place at 10:30 o'clock in the morning.

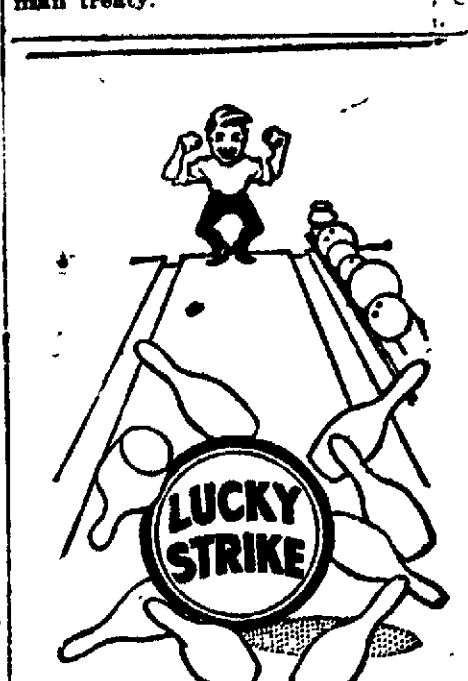
Bishop Thomas F. Gallor, and Memphis clergy will officiate. Burial will take place at Elmwood cemetery, Memphis.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN ASIA MINOR

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 24.—The capture of Sokia and Scia Nova, 40 miles south of Smyrna, in Asia Minor, by Greek troops, is confirmed by a Turkish Nationalist communique received here. The Greeks have begun an advance southward. Turkish troops are pushing troops in great numbers. Heavy fighting is reported.

FRANCE IS WILLING TO SIGN PACT

GENOA, April 24.—The French delegation announced that it was willing to subscribe to the proposed pact under which various nations will agree to abstain from aggression, provided it is backed by the proper guarantees. It is considered especially necessary in view of the Russo-German treaty.



Ask any bowler. All pins down the first ball—a lucky strike for him.



The toasting process was a lucky strike for us. Buy a package of Lucky Strike cigarettes today and see why millions now prefer the toasted flavor.

Suggested by The American Tobacco Co.

THE MERRY JOURNEYS OF MARY JANE



He told Mary Jane all about the elves and the fairies and about the moonlight night in June.

ONE evening Mary Jane took a long walk away into the forest to meet Fairy Gold-Shoes or Mr. Sly, the fox, or some of the folks that live over that way. But all of a sudden she saw a little elf.

He was only about an inch and a half high, dressed all in green, and he carried a little umbrella in his hand, for elves are always very particular not to get their clothes wet.

The little elf said "Hello, Mary Jane, where are you going?" Mary Jane said she was going over and try to see Mr. Sly. This little elf, whose name was Chlupsa Chmielewski, told Mary Jane it was no use to see Mr. Sly, because Mr. Sly never ate anything but spinach and radishes at that time of the year.

Then he sat down and told Mary Jane all about the elves and fairies. And he invited Mary Jane to come and dance with him the next revel they would hold. And Mary Jane said she would, and she would bring some delicious Mary Jane Syrup, and sliced bread with her as a treat for all the little elves and their friends, the fairies.

Then Chlupsa Chmielewski stood on one hand and wiggled his feet and opened and shut his umbrella three times, which is the way the elves always do when they mean to say good bye. And Mary Jane went home, where her mother had some delicious golden brown pancakes with lots of rich Mary Jane Syrup on them.

DON'T MISS the next Mary Jane story "Mr. Cock-a-doodle-do Has a John on Mary Jane."

FREE For all children. The complete set of 12 New Mary Jane Fairy Tales, beautifully illustrated, sent free on receipt of one Mary Jane label taken from a can of Mary Jane Syrup. Write the Corn Products Refining Company, Dept. A, Argo, Ill.

The Sweetest Voice You Ever Heard

is the voice that says "delicious Mary Jane Syrup on hot pancakes for breakfast." The best you ever tasted with waffles, hot biscuits, corn bread; to make delicious taffy, fudge and peanut brittle for the children and for when company comes.

At your grocers. Get a can today

Corn Products Sales Representatives L. A. MOUSSEAU, Mgr. 204 Cassell Building, Baltimore, Md.

MARY JANE SYRUP

WITH THAT DELICIOUS SORGHUM FLAVOR



Cloth That Is All-Wool

Assures the utmost Value and Satisfaction for a garment, because it is of the Best.

Painting with

L & M SEMI-PASTE PAINT

and LINSEED OIL to mix into it,

that is all Highest Quality—assures Utmost Value, greatest Years of Wear and Least Cost.

To illustrate: "SMITH PAID LESS THAN JONES!"

PAINT FACTS

JONES paid \$49 for 14 Gallons of "ready for use" Mixed PAINT—

SMITH made 14 Gallons of the Best Pure Paint for \$34.00, by buying

8 Gals. L & M Semi-Paste Paint and

6 Gals. Linseed Oil to mix into it.

SMITH SAVED \$14.00

L & M SEMI-PASTE PAINT Saves money

Extensively used for 50 years

FOR SALE BY

Danville Hardware Co., Danville

Sub-Chasers Bringing Booze

NEW YORK, April 24.—Custom of boats announced today that they were working to smash a bootlegger who which they charged had mobilized a fleet of former submarine chasers to meet creation of America's "dry navy."

The federal agents are working on the theory that the swift craft that once pursued German U-boats and were sold after the war, now are posing as naval vessels and, commanded by officers in the uniform of the United States, already have succeeded in running \$3,000,000 worth of rum into the United States from Bermuda and Havana.

The announcement of the discovery of the alleged smuggling scheme was made after former submarine chaser 101, rechristened the Fidus, had been taken in New York Harbor by a police boat and customs launch. Customs men claimed they had found aboard her numerous charts with marked landings along the Atlantic coast and Hudson river. No liquor was found aboard her and the crew told a hair-raising tale of having had their cargo plundered by pirates off the Long Island Coast yesterday.

The ex-chaser, said to bear British registry, was held on a technical charge that she left Bermuda without clearance papers. Her captain, who gave his name as "John Kelly," and his crew of seven, were taken to the custom house for a severe grilling. After the examination, Assistant United States Attorney Falk said:

"Kelly wore the uniform of United States naval officer. We have not as yet made any charges against Captain Kelly and the crew. It is understood that the Fidus carried 2,000 cases of Scotch whisky from Bermuda and that is what we want to find out. The vessel failed to show on her manifest any cargo and after questioning by customs agents it was decided to take her into port and question the crew."

Federal agents, who said they believed the name "John Kelly" fictitious and that the captain's real name was M. Stanley Clark, of Brooklyn, intimated that there was a possibility that there might be brought against her captain a charge of wearing an ensign's uniform illegally. "Kelly," who claimed at one time to have served in the United States navy, denied he was wearing a naval uniform.

All I had was a cap that resembled an ensign's head piece," he told reporters. Kelly claimed to have been taking liquor to Montreal for a Bermuda wine merchant who owned the craft, when pirates on another chaser stole his cargo and manifest. But customs officials claimed to have detected points at which the tale, as related by different members of the crew, did not give. Incidentally, one of the crew, Ray Palmer, was alleged to be carrying I. W. W. literature.

Falk quoted the version of Chief Engineer W. J. Lockwood as follows:

"We were all below. This was about six o'clock. A bell was given us to stop and we stalled the engines. Next thing we knew a gang of men, all unmasked, swarmed down on us, and pointing revolvers at us backed us into a small compartment in the engine room and told us to be quiet." Half an hour later, according to Lockwood, a scarred veteran aboard and saw Kelly lead to the mast. Lockwood claimed to have untied the knots himself, the liquor was gone. Among papers found in the captain's possession was a recommendation from his commanding officer, stating that he served in 1917 as an ensign on the Northern Pacific and as executive officer on Submarine Chaser, No. 90.

FIRE DESTROYS HOME

WINCHESTER, April 24.—Fire today destroyed the country home of William P. Massey, secretary of the Virginia State horticultural society, whose family barely escaped.

FOR SKIN TORTURES

Zemo, the Clean, Antiseptic Liquid, Just What You Need

Don't worry about Eczema or other skin troubles. You can have a clear, healthy skin by using Zemo obtained at any drug store for 35c, or extra large bottle at \$1.00.

Zemo generally removes Pimples, Blackheads, Blisters, Eczema and Ringworm and makes the skin clear and healthy. Zemo is a clean, penetrating, antiseptic liquid. It is easily applied and costs a mere trifle for each application. It is always dependable.

Taste is a matter of tobacco quality

We state it as our honest belief that the tobaccos used in Chesterfield are of finer quality (and hence of better taste) than in any other cigarette at the price.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

FINAL CHAPTER IN LIVELY CASE

WELCH, W. Va., April 24.—The final chapter in one of Mingo's numerous industrial tragedies was written here today when a jury in circuit court returned a verdict of not guilty against C. E. Lively, Buster Pence and William Walters, indicted in connection with the killing of Sid Hatfield. A similar verdict was returned when the same defendants were tried on charges of having killed Ed Chambers.

On August 1, last, Hatfield and Chambers came to Welch to answer for the part they were alleged to have played in the shooting up of the little mining town of Mohawk. As they were walking up the court-house steps near where the three defendants were standing, a shot rang out, and when the smoke of shooting cleared away, the bodies of Hatfield and Chambers lay at the bottom of the steps. They were accompanied by their wives when the shooting occurred.

Lively was the chief witness against Hatfield and the others who were told a hair-raising tale of having had their cargo plundered by pirates off the Long Island Coast yesterday.

FROSTS DAMAGE FRUIT CROP BUT LITTLE, THOUGHT

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Commercial orchards in Maryland and Virginia apparently suffered but little damage from recent frosts which affected these two States, crop experts of the department of agriculture said today. Their opinion was based, they said, upon the absence of returns from crop reporters who are required to communicate immediately any damage done to crops by storms or temperature changes.

L. M. Eastbrook, assistant chief of the bureau of markets, said there might have been as much as 40 per cent damage but that the world mean a normal crop, as practically the entire fruit crop in Maryland and Virginia was destroyed last year by early frosts, with the result that the trees this season were so full of fruit that they were overburdened with blossoms. Had the frost not killed some of the buds Mr. Eastbrook explained, the trees would have had to be thinned out.

MURATORE TAKES FLING AT GARDEN

CHICAGO, April 24.—One last fling at Mary Garden's management of the Chicago Grand Opera Company was taken today by Lucien Muratore, the French tenor, in which he said, upon learning of Miss Garden's resignation that if she had been a man he would have "killed her to defend my honor."

"Because she is a woman," he said, "I can and will do nothing."

Discussing the aftermath of the split between them in mid-season, Muratore said:

"To me, when we sing together, she hisses 'pretty boy' but when I am on the stage, she talks to other members of the company about me. She calls me 'picky'."

He shrugged his shoulders when asked if he would sing with the company next year, and answered that he "didn't know whether there would be any company."

Samuel Insull, president of the Civic Opera Association, defended and praised Miss Garden and said her conduct of the company last year was "merely—that is the only word that describes it." He added that she would continue "as one of the most prominent members in the Chicago company."

Under her direction Chicago has had grand opera that is unsurpassed anywhere in the world," he said.

Friends of Georgia Polacco, one of the principal conductors of the company, were confident that he would be appointed director later, despite Mr. Insull's announcement a committee would manage all the affairs for the time being. Polacco is the husband of Edith Mason.

BANKS OF WORLD TO HOLD A CONFERENCE

LONDON, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Bank of England is to call a meeting of the central bank of the world, pursuant to the decision of the financial representatives at the Genoa conference, and will invite the federal reserve banks of the United States to participate, says the Star today, quoting Sir Robert Horne, who has just returned from Genoa. The newspaper adds there is reason to believe that America will consent to join the conference.

KENTUCKY TO STAND PAT IN FALL ELECTION

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 24.—The Kentucky representatives now in the House will meet with very little opposition with the ranks or their own party leaders here.

In only one district so far does the primary look like a fight. Congressman John W. Langley, republican of the tenth is to be opposed by Edward L. Allen, at present deputy clerk in the court of appeals. But even here the odds seem to favor Langley.

State senator White L. Moss, of Middleboro has also announced his intention of opposing Congressman J. M. Robinson, of Barbourville, Republican, representative in the eleventh district. But here too, Congressman Robinson, who is one of the wealthiest and most popular men in the mountain counties, seems to have the primary and general election clinched.

A touch of interest is added to the race in the tenth district by the announcement of Fess Whitaker, nationally known "dial" tailor of Leitcher, that he will run in the primary in opposition to Congressman Langley.

In the fifth district, which includes the city of Louisville, the present representative, Charles Franklin Ogden, of Anchorage, Republican is expected to be returned in both primary and general election.

In the first, second, fourth, sixth, seventh, and ninth districts, where no change of party is expected, the incumbent in congress seem to have no opposition.

With the unexpired terms of Senator Augustus Owen Stanley, democratic senator for Kentucky, two years to run and that of Richard Ernst, republican senator, five years there will be no senatorial contest this fall in Kentucky.

To date there is very little talk about the next senator. The G. O. P. is believed, is lining up in preparation for one of the biggest political fights yet waged in Kentucky. At the same time, the republican party is in the hope of the party to snatch representation in the upper House entirely away from the democrats and place a second republican in office.

Manifestations of this are seen in the action of Governor Edwin P. Morrow, who it is hinted, when he leaves the gubernatorial chair, will become a aspirant for the senatorial toga. He has vetoed practically all bills pertaining to corporations and thereby caused drastic reductions in appropriations for the State university and normal schools, after such bills had been passed over the protest of a republican majority in the House. This move is interpreted by the opposition to mean a bid for public favor on a platform of economic retrenchment.

Being considered by the G. O. P. as a possible senatorial timber is Judge Charles Kerr, formerly circuit judge of Lexington, who is at present judge advocate of Panama, under the Harding administration.

Although the party leaders are debating the wisdom of putting forward a woman as candidate in a southern state, Mrs. Christine Brandt, of Louisville, is being strongly backed for the republican nomination for senator. Mrs. Brandt is extremely active in the republican cause during the presidential election and should a woman's name be considered the nomination will fall to her.

Barring unexpected developments the democrats will renominate Senator Stanley.

SHIPPING BOARD CUTS THE RATES

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The shipping board as a result of "the rate war" of the Lamport and Holt Steamship company in South America, through the four shipping board vessels of the Munson Line has not only met those rates but made a further reduction to \$295 to Rio de Janeiro, \$345 to Montevideo and \$360 to Buenos Aires, Chairman Lasker announced today.

The Lamport and Holt rates were reduced from \$415 to \$315 for Rio de Janeiro, from \$475 to \$360 for Montevideo, and from \$490 to \$370 for Buenos Aires, but these, Chairman Lasker said, were for "their three inferior ships."

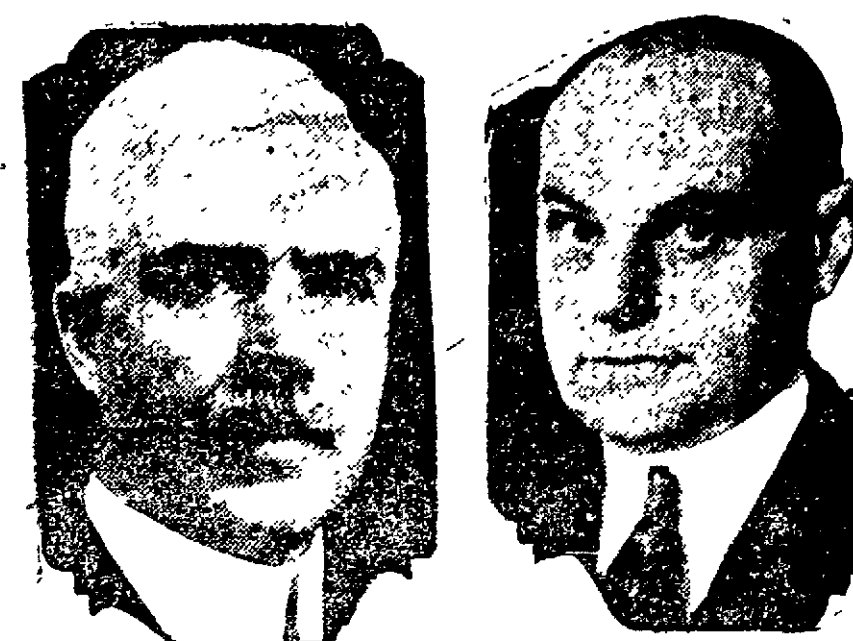
Lamport and Holt also announced effective July 1 a reduction in the round trip rate to \$500 for Rio de Janeiro and to meet this the shipping board has decided upon a rate of \$450, effective the same date.

Chairman Lasker said the new "straight rates" would become effective immediately.

AMERICAN TO WED YOUNG RUSSIAN GIRL

MOSCOW, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Cards received today at American relief administration headquarters here announced the first engagement of one of the administration's personnel to a Russian girl. The cards announced the wedding of John Morris, of Staten Island, to Madame Fonkrotova, a young widow employed by the A. R. A. mission at Kazan.

SHOULD TEACHER SMOKE? JUDGE TO MAKE RULING



PRINCIPALS IN MICHIGAN STATE NORMAL COLLEGE CIGARETTE WAR. TOP, LEFT TO RIGHT MISS ALICE E. TANTON, DEAN BESSIE LEACH, BOTTOM, NORMAL PRESIDENT CHARLES MCKENNEY AND ALIX GROESBECK, GOVERNOR OF MICHIGAN

YPSILANTI, Mich., April 25.—If a girl smokes cigarettes—Is she fit to instruct a child and the health of others as a public school teacher?

That is the question which the Michigan State Normal College here is asking. It has found that as many as 100 of its teachers are smokers. A sample of the current count of Ypsilanti counts will hand down a verdict on the matter.

It is the fault of my landlady. She had a box of cigarettes in my closet. I took them. I had my Piddly. Miss Priddy charged me with being an interstate smoker.

In reality, I used those two burned cigarettes as puns to burn the edges of a paper I put on my wall. I have smoked cigarettes and I admitted that to Dean Priddy. Once last fall several of us girls smoked on a street just to be devilish. But I never smoked in my room or in the presence of a man.

Raps Regulations "I don't know one girl of the 1,400 who's really bad. All the girls I know are really ambitious and serious. But the regulations and constant surveillance over us by school authorities tend to make us all sneaks."

The action taken by the school was right. We had the interest both of the girl and of the teaching profession at heart."

The normal does not wish to pass on whether women should smoke. But it has reason to believe the people of Michigan do not want as teachers women who smoke.

Wants Court to Decide "Since the purpose of this college is to train teachers to meet the standards of Michigan it takes the position that girls who smoke are not suitable candidates for the teaching profession. But we should welcome a court decision."

And the governor of Michigan says: "It makes no difference whether teachers bob their hair or wear short skirts. But teachers or girls preparing to be teachers should not smoke."

The student council is backing the school authorities in dismissing Miss Tanton and the other 10.

And while Judge Sample prepares his decision, and while the governor conducts his probe, Ypsilanti's cigarette war rages on!

entered and run. They cannot get round themselves and falling they knock over horses that could jump the course and who have been properly schooled. Eliminate these and you would have a "National" as used to be.

Lord Larnoch advocates a much higher entrance-fee with a large proportion returnable to owners of horses which finish without a fall.

Captain E. G. Fairholme, Secretary of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, agrees with Lady Warwick. "There is something wrong—something which must be righted. We protested against the severity of the Liverpool fences some years ago. One has only to see the condition of the poor animal with the broken leg to be sickened with sport of that kind. The courses is, in my opinion, so difficult as to be un sporting."

Lord Larnoch, famous agricultural and horse-breeder, takes the other side. "The Aintree jumps are undoubtedly b. g. but they are perfectly practicable for a really good horse with a good heart."

The race is run over four and a half miles of the most severe jumping country in England, and there are 24 specially built-up obstacles before the compass of an ordinary horse.

The Countess of Warwick, herself a fine horsewoman and lover of animals, is a strong anti. She says "I cannot speak too strongly against the subject of the annual meeting of the Aintree (Liverpool) this and last year. Years ago the race used to be a good one and not a death-train and it was perfectly practicable. Today it is a death-train and it is not practicable for a really good horse."

The Countess of Warwick, herself a fine horsewoman and lover of animals, is a strong anti. She says "I cannot speak too strongly against the subject of the annual meeting of the Aintree (Liverpool) this and last year. Years ago the race used to be a good one and not a death-train and it was perfectly practicable. Today it is a death-train and it is not practicable for a really good horse."

MOVIE IS PRECATION AGAINST DISORDERS WASHINGTON, April 24.—The orders of the Huron were understood to be of a precautionary nature, and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

The movie was shown in the Huron and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

The movie was shown in the Huron and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

The movie was shown in the Huron and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

It is the fault of my landlady. She had a box of cigarettes in my closet. I took them. I had my Piddly. Miss Priddy charged me with being an interstate smoker.

In reality, I used those two burned cigarettes as puns to burn the edges of a paper I put on my wall. I have smoked cigarettes and I admitted that to Dean Priddy. Once last fall several of us girls smoked on a street just to be devilish. But I never smoked in my room or in the presence of a man.

Raps Regulations "I don't know one girl of the 1,400 who's really bad. All the girls I know are really ambitious and serious. But the regulations and constant surveillance over us by school authorities tend to make us all sneaks."

The action taken by the school was right. We had the interest both of the girl and of the teaching profession at heart."

The normal does not wish to pass on whether women should smoke. But it has reason to believe the people of Michigan do not want as teachers women who smoke.

Wants Court to Decide "Since the purpose of this college is to train teachers to meet the standards of Michigan it takes the position that girls who smoke are not suitable candidates for the teaching profession. But we should welcome a court decision."

And the governor of Michigan says: "It makes no difference whether teachers bob their hair or wear short skirts. But teachers or girls preparing to be teachers should not smoke."

The student council is backing the school authorities in dismissing Miss Tanton and the other 10.

And while Judge Sample prepares his decision, and while the governor conducts his probe, Ypsilanti's cigarette war rages on!

entered and run. They cannot get round themselves and falling they knock over horses that could jump the course and who have been properly schooled. Eliminate these and you would have a "National" as used to be.

Lord Larnoch advocates a much higher entrance-fee with a large proportion returnable to owners of horses which finish without a fall.

Captain E. G. Fairholme, Secretary of the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, agrees with Lady Warwick. "There is something wrong—something which must be righted. We protested against the severity of the Liverpool fences some years ago. One has only to see the condition of the poor animal with the broken leg to be sickened with sport of that kind. The courses is, in my opinion, so difficult as to be un sporting."

Lord Larnoch, famous agricultural and horse-breeder, takes the other side. "The Aintree jumps are undoubtedly b. g. but they are perfectly practicable for a really good horse with a good heart."

The race is run over four and a half miles of the most severe jumping country in England, and there are 24 specially built-up obstacles before the compass of an ordinary horse.

The Countess of Warwick, herself a fine horsewoman and lover of animals, is a strong anti. She says "I cannot speak too strongly against the subject of the annual meeting of the Aintree (Liverpool) this and last year. Years ago the race used to be a good one and not a death-train and it was perfectly practicable. Today it is a death-train and it is not practicable for a really good horse."

The Countess of Warwick, herself a fine horsewoman and lover of animals, is a strong anti. She says "I cannot speak too strongly against the subject of the annual meeting of the Aintree (Liverpool) this and last year. Years ago the race used to be a good one and not a death-train and it was perfectly practicable. Today it is a death-train and it is not practicable for a really good horse."

MOVIE IS PRECATION AGAINST DISORDERS WASHINGTON, April 24.—The orders of the Huron were understood to be of a precautionary nature, and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

The movie was shown in the Huron and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

The movie was shown in the Huron and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

The movie was shown in the Huron and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

The movie was shown in the Huron and it was pointed out by the Huron that it was believed no one would be injured by the movie.

Efird's—Efird's

SERVICE ALWAYS FIRST AT EFIRD'S

It Will Pay You to Get
Acquainted With Efirds

Bargain Basement

LOOK WHAT WE ARE OFFERING FOR

Wednesday, Thursday, Fri.

Saturday—4 Days

Note Dry Goods Specials

In the Bargain Basement this
week

Apron
Ginghams, 8 1-2c

Best quality Apron Ginghams in short lengths

8 1-2c

(Bargain Basement.)

English Long
Cloth, 10c

3,000 yards English Long Cloth to go on sale Wednesday morning

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

Dress Ginghams
12 1-2c

27-inch Dress Ginghams in dark and light colors, also check plaids and stripes

12 1-2c

(Bargain Basement.)

Ladies' Cotton
Hose, 10c

Ladies' Cotton Hose in brown, good value for

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

Bed Ticking 10c

15c quality Bed Ticking to be sold for these four days

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

Towels, 10c

25 dozen Huck Towels in white and colored borders

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

40-Inch Sheeting
10c

40-inch best quality of Sheeting, smooth finish at

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

Curtain Scrim,
10c

Curtain Scrim, white and cream, also some with colored borders, per yard.

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

81-Inch
Unbleached
Sheeting, 25c

81 inch fine quality of unbleached Sheeting, value up to 39c.

25c

(Bargain Basement.)

22 Cakes Soap
\$1.00

22 Cakes Castille Soap, for

\$1.00

(Bargain Basement.)

Dress Ginghams
10c

32-inch Dress Gingham in all the new spring patterns

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

Apron
Ginghams, 10c

27-inch best quality of Apron Ginghams in fast colors, all size checks

10c

(Bargain Basement.)

Percal, 15c

36 inch Percale, light and dark colors for your new Spring dress

15c

(Bargain Basement.)

Sheeting 8 1-2c

40 inch Sheeting. Special

8 1-2c

(Bargain Basement.)

Here's your chance of any
\$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00
\$1.98, \$2.48

\$2.98

(Bargain Basement.)

Big assortment, good quality Oil Cloth these 4 days

25c

(Bargain Basement.)

Extra special prices on
trunks for these 4 days,
from \$5.95 up

\$5.95

(Bargain Basement.)

Extra Special 12 quart size
galvanized water pail

23c

(Bargain Basement.)

Men's work shoes all leather
piles high on big tables at
\$1.48 and \$1.98

\$1.48

Mrs. Raizen Will Be Tried Today

NEW YORK, April 24.—Trial of another woman for murder in Brooklyn was set for today as a sequel to a tragedy that already has cost three lives.

It is the case of Mrs. Lillian Raizen, who shot Dr. Abraham Glickstein, Brooklyn physician, to death in his office last December. It follows close on the heels of the trial of Miss Olivia M. P. Stone, graduate nurse, who recently was acquitted of a charge of murdering Ellis G. Kinsch, former corporation counsel of Cincinnati, in Brooklyn last fall.

Indeed, the cases have points of similarity.

In both cases, the defendants have told a tale of mental derangement of the man they killed. In both cases a defense of insanity was made or indicated. In both cases a triangle existed.

A colimate of Mrs. Stone's in the Raymond street jail, Mrs. Raizen followed closely every move in the Kinland case, and at night the two women would sit up late chatting over details of the trial.

Another point at which the cases crossed trails came shortly after the acquittal of Miss Stone, when Mrs. Raizen, the physician's widow, leaped to her death from a window in her home.

"Any woman can commit murder now," Mrs. Glickstein said before she killed herself. Especially a woman like Mrs. Raizen. She will be freed, too. All she will have to do is to say she was insane."

As dramatic as the suicide of the widow was the death of the physician's aged mother, Mrs. Lena Glickstein. Gazing on the face of her beloved son, she fell dead across the coffin.

The shooting itself occurred in the doctor's office.

Three patients were waiting to see him, among them Mrs. Raizen, heavily veiled. She was called into the office, remained a few moments and left hurriedly. When other patients opened the doctor's door, Glickstein was found dead. Mrs. Raizen had fired the shot which killed her victim through her mouth.

Then after police had hunted in vain for two days for the slayer, she gave herself up to the district attorney.

She pleaded that Glickstein, before her marriage had wronged her and had forced her to submit to two operations, which he, himself, performed.

The defendant is expected to plead insanity. She has been examined by three commissions of alienists, whose reports will be read.

Paint wheel rims with creamy mixture of gasoline and graphite to prevent rusting.

If You Need Strength and Reserve Power
Take
TANLAC
The World's Greatest Tonic

PAINS ACROSS SMALL OF BACK

Huband Helped in Housework—
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Made Her Strong



Foster, Oregon.—"I used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for pains across the small of my back. They bothered me so badly that I could do my work only with the help of my husband. One day he saw the 'ad.' in our paper, telling about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was doing for women, so I began to take it. It helped me wonderfully. I am feeling fine, do all my housework and washing for seven in the family. I have been irregular too, and now am all right. I am telling my friends what has been done for them. You can use this letter as a testimonial. I will stand up for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound any time."—Mrs. Wm. J. J. Foster, Oregon.

Doing the housework for a family of seven is some task. If you, as a housewife, are troubled with backache, irregularities, are easily tired out and irritable, or have other disagreeable ailments caused by some weariness, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. Let it help you.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY
FOR THE RELIEF OF
Coughs, Colds, CROUP.

WHOOPING COUGH, BRONCHITIS.
THIS REMEDY CONTAINS NO NARCOTICS.

Manufactured by
Chamberlain Medicine Co.
Small, Brown, U.S.A.
PRICE, THIRTY-FIVE CENTS

Hearing On Plan To Group All Railroads Begins

By GEORGE H. MANNING.
WASHINGTON, April 24.—Hearings were commenced by the Interstate Commerce Commission before Commissioner Hall today on the plan for consolidating all the railroads of the country into 19 separate systems or groups.

This plan of grouping the railroads of the various sections into 19 systems was directed by Congress in an act of 1920. It was the first step in the interstate commerce act, the ultimate purpose of which is to provide that (1) competition may be preserved as fully as possible, (2) the channels of trade and commerce may be maintained, and (3) the several systems be so arranged that the cost of transportation as between competing systems shall be the same, so far as practicable, so that these systems can employ uniform rates in the handling of traffic and under efficient management earn substantially the same rate of return upon their values.

In an order of March 21 the commission directed that the hearings to be held at this time be confined to the railroads in the Southeastern region. This includes the proposed systems Nos. 10, 11 and 12, which comprise the following railroads:

System No. 10—Southern: Alabama Great Southern; Georgia, Southern and Florida; Mobile and Ohio; Southern railway in Mississippi; Northern Alabama; Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific; New Orleans Great Northern; Alabama and Vicksburg.

System No. 11—Atlantic Coast Line: Louisville and Nashville; Norfolk and Western; Carolina; Norfolk Southern; Norfolk and Atlantic; Winston-Salem; Southern Railway; Roanoke and Salem branch of W. & W.; Florida East Coast; Carolina, Clinchfield and Ohio; Georgia and Florida; Gulf, Mobile and Northern; Mississippi Central.

System No. 12—Illinois Central—Seaboard; Illinois Central, including Yaco and Mississippi Valley, and Central of Georgia; Seaboard Air Line; Lynchburg to Durham; Ship Island; Tennessee Central; Carolina, Clinchfield and Ohio.

It is expected that the hearings on the Southeastern group will continue six or seven weeks with taking of testimony every day and that following that hearings will be given on the other groups or systems.

When the hearings ended today it was explained by Commissioner Hall that it was planned to complete the evidence regarding one system before passing to another, and that System No. 10, the Southern, would be taken up first, followed by System No. 11, the Atlantic Coast Line, and then System No. 12, the Illinois Central.

Every railroad of the country, every State governor, and the public utility commissions, railroad commissions and corporation commissions of every State and territory have been notified by the commission of the hearing and as a consequence there were several hundred attorneys on hand at the opening.

After Congress adopted the legislation directing that all the railroads of the country be put in 19 groups the commission engaged Prof. William Z. Ripley, of Harvard University, a recognized world authority on railroads, to investigate and prepare a plan for carry it out.

The commission reviewed Professor Ripley's report and on August 3, 1921, submitted its tentative plan for the regrouping which followed very closely the plan submitted by the Harvard professor.

The only recommendations made by Professor Ripley regarding Systems Nos. 10, 11 and 12 were that in No. 10, he recommended inclusion of the Georgia Southern and Florida branch from Valdosta, Ga., to Palatka, Fla., on the Seaboard system. In System No. 11 he recommended that the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac and the Florida East Coast remain their present status without inclusion in any system. In System No. 12 he recommended that a separate system be built around the Seaboard Air Line, and he did not include the Gulf and Ship Island in any system.

The ultimate purpose of Congress in directing the regrouping was to reduce the railroad corporations to a common denominator of earning power in terms of valuation by compulsory consolidation. It was intended to compel the stronger roads to merge their identity with the weaker ones for the common good of the country as a whole.

The purpose of Congress was to put the carriers in each group on a basis of pooling it at values approved by the commission. The consolidation was to be based on the theory that, while by the greater portion of trade is carried by the bigger or pricier roads a large amount of the traffic is in the hands of the operators of smaller lines, and are entirely essential to serve the communities traversed.

Representatives of the Virginia State Commission on Commerce were present at the opening hearing to present the merger of the R. F. and P. into System No. 11, with the Atlantic Coast Line, Louisville and Nashville and others.

The business interests of Norfolk and Portsmouth are intensely opposed to the merger of the Seaboard Air Line with the Central and other roads of the group, and the Seaboard will have plenty of authority to take up the matter to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Section 4 of the act of Congress directing the consolidation, however, provides that "the division of each railroad into each system under such plan competition shall be preserved as fully as possible and wherever practicable the existing routes and channels of trade and commerce shall be maintained."

The Interstate Commerce Commission called particular attention to this provision in its order directing the holding of these hearings.

Concerning the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railway and the other carriers of the group, the Interstate Commerce Commission has been extremely careful in its handling of the matter. It was explained by Commissioner Hall that the Interstate Commerce Commission has been extremely careful in its handling of the matter. It was explained by Commissioner Hall that the Interstate Commerce Commission has been extremely careful in its handling of the matter.

concerning its ownership, directorate, etc.

The free and equal use of this link between the North and the South by the Atlantic Coast Line, Southern, Chesapeake and Ohio and Seaboard in the South and the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio in the North, which own the stock of the R. F. and P., said President Hunton, "an insurance that the competition will be preserved and that existing routes and channels of trade shall be maintained on one hand, while, on the other hand to merge the R. F. and P. with System No. 11 would give to one of the railroads in the merger a position of control that would defeat the purpose for which the present arrangement was established, and under which the several roads have enjoyed full use of the property."

President Hunton was the only person appearing who gave anything like testimony at the morning session. Officials and counsel of all the other railroads in the proposed Systems 10 and 11 stated their inability to proceed to testify because of lack of understanding of the information the Interstate Commerce Commission desired.

Commissioner Hall called a recess at 12:30 to permit the officials and counsel of the railroads in Systems 10, 11 and 12, comprising the Southeastern territory to hold a conference to decide about testimony the commissions want and to prepare to furnish it as quickly as possible.

It was expected that later in the afternoon William Manning, Duke and Saunders would take the stand. It was their purpose to reinforce the position taken by President Hunton in opposition to merging the R. F. and P. with any other railroad.

CATHOLIC WAR NOW ASSERTED

BELFAST, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Belfast Catholic protection committee, tonight sent a message to Winston Spencer Churchill, secretary for the colonies, asserting that the war on Catholics in Northern Ireland was continuing.

The committee issued a statement saying it is non-political but that it represents the Catholic professional and business life in Belfast. According to the statement the casualties since the signing of the pact between the northern and provisional governments on April 1, are as follows:

"Catholics murdered: 13 men, 3 women and four children; attempted murders 27; wounded 39; houses looted and burned 75; houses bombed, five; families evicted 89; persons homeless 357."

CREST OF THIRD RISE IN RIVER

MEMPHIS, April 24.—With the crest of the third rise in the Mississippi expected at Cairo tomorrow night, accurate predictions on the height the flood waters will attain in the central and lower river can be made Tuesday night, United States weather bureau officials said tonight. The Cairo gauge is expected to reach 55 feet tonight.

The fight to hold the embankments at threatened points between Cairo and Vicksburg had still been successful up to tonight and engineers expressed confidence of the central river levees holding safely.

The map shows the situation tonight is apparently seven miles south of Hickman, Ky., where a swift current is undermining the banks outside the levee and where caving has occurred for several days. Farming operations in that section are practically suspended and every available man is at work on the river front, where the situation tonight was said to be well in hand.

South of Arkansas City, Ark., the situation is still critical, although the engineers claim a break there will be prevented.

BUSINESS AS USUAL IN NORTHERN IRELAND

BELFAST, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Business proceeded as usual in Belfast and throughout northern Ireland today, but the one-day strike in southern Ireland caused some inconvenience in the stopping of telegraphic and telephonic communications between Dublin and Belfast. The Great Northern railway ran no trains in Free State territory though service was maintained throughout the six-county area.

WANTS HIS MONEY BACK

"I can thank Mr. O'Brien, a neighbor, for my recovery from severe colic attacks and stomach trouble that nearly forced me to cross the river Jordan. I spent thousands of dollars in the past nine years for doctors and medicine and would have died but for my neighbor's advice to use Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. I wish I had the money back I spent for other medicines. It is a simple, harmless preparation that removes the catarrhal mucus from the intestinal tract and allays the inflammation which causes practically all stomach, liver and intestinal ailments, including appendicitis. One dose will convince or money refunded. J. C. McFall's Drug Store, Trent Drug Co. and druggists everywhere."

INDIGESTION GASTRITIS

No matter what you call your stomach trouble, dyspepsia, indigestion, gastritis, sourness or flatulence or distress, Dr. Orth's Stomach Remedy is guaranteed to cure you quickly and bring relief instantly or nothing to pay. Frank R. McFall's and all good druggists can supply you. Remember the name.

Don't Spoil Your Child's Hair By Washing It

When you wash your child's hair be careful what you use. Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle.

The best thing to use is Mulished coconut oil shampoo, for this is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap and beats anything else all to pieces. You can get Mulished at any drug store and a few cents will last the whole family for months.

Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful of Mulished is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and dandruff. Be sure your druggist gives you Mulished.

BRAVEST WOMAN IN THE WORLD WIRELESS BANK METHODS LATEST



LEFT TO RIGHT: MISS ANNIE MAE WRIGHT AND MRS. STAPLES

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 25.—"Bravery?" The "Battalion of Death" must have been playing in the bush league! For, after we've all pretty well settled down to the conclusion that when a woman sees a mouse the natural reaction will be a scream and a quick ascent to the top of a chair, alone Mrs. Annie Mae Wright and Mrs. M. D. Staples and knock that truth higher than a cocked hat.

For these two women are rat-catchers.

They catch enough rats every day to make the famed Pied Piper of Hamelin look like a piker.

Right now they're waging a rat-killing war in Nashville. There were 10,000 casualties among the enemy in the opening day of their campaign.

Their method is simple. By using the barium carbonate process they are enabled to entice the rodents to their death in unlimited numbers. Whole cities are relieved of the pests within a few days.

In the picture, they are ready for the fray in their regulation working costumes. Both are virgilians.

While roommates at a Virginia college, they resolved to follow some unusual career, outside the beaten path. Rat catching is it.

They are veterans now, having waged rat-exterminating campaigns in 15 States in the three years since their graduation from college.

OUSTED "GRANDSON" NAPOLEON

PARIS, April 24.—Louis Napoleon Eugene Maximilian Laurent Masson, grandson of Napoleon I, according to his own story, has just been ignominiously expelled from his domain near Colombes, a suburb of Paris.

The proprietors of the ground occupied by the self-styled son of the Man of Destiny claimed it in the courts and their right was upheld.

The explosion was a shock to the inhabitants of the little village who had never doubted the historic accuracy of Masson's tale. He even bore a certain resemblance to the Little Corporal, although sixty years of age. According to his story, when Napoleon was fleeing from Waterloo he stopped to change horses at a post station in Cléthy. The manager of the post, an Irishman, had fled, leaving behind his wife, a young Spanish woman of noble origin named Rosalia de Mendes. Dona Rosalina received the imperial visitor with such cordiality that the heart of the emperor was touched and when he continued his journey to Paris she accompanied him. Historians are silent regarding his love episode but Masson was firm in his assertion that his mother was the daughter of the Spanish beauty and fallen dictator of Europe. Whenever may be the fact, it is certain that Masson received his pretentious Christian name in due form at the time of his baptism.

With impressive dignity, Masson-Bonaparte watched the destruction of his chateau—built of lumber and uesty sheet iron—and listened to the edict of the court, expelling him. One hand behind his back, the other stuck between the first and second buttons of his ancient frockcoat, he was a perfect model of Napoleon on the Eddystone, going to exile.

He forbade you to touch my archives," he roared at the court officials superintending the execution of the decree. He gathered up what he called his archives, consisting of hundreds of documents and plans relating to inventions and stude away to erect a new castle in the neighborhood muttering something about "the return Elbna."

NOW APPEARING IN THE BEE

The White Desert
By Courtney Ryley Cooper
Author of "The Cross Cut"

Fate had given Barry Houston a harsh deal. Falsely accused of murder, a sacrifice to the political ambitions of a district attorney, snubbed by his friends, distrusted by his father and then—

He came to the White Desert to work out his salvation. In the snow and ice of the Continental Divide, on the backbone of the North American continent in Colorado, he began a lone battle against the unknown forces which were wrecking his lumber business.

Allied against him were the frost-warped men of the timber lands and the feminine Judas—the woman he had promised to marry. The mounting climaxes of the battle against harsh men and even crueler winter were welded into a brilliant and gripping work of fiction. The charming and eccentric Ba'tiste Renaud and Madaine Robinette, the girl of the mountains, are characters which will remain in your memory.

Complete in 12 installments



—Miss Lizzie Wood, who has been under treatment at Edmunds hospital, has left and is now with her sister, Mrs. F. W. Shuff, on Green St.

SATURDAY NIGHT
NO LONGER FEARED,
CALOTABS A JOY

Week-End Liver-Cleansng and System Purifying Without the Slightest Unpleasantness or Danger—New Calomel Tablets Called "Calotabs."

Everybody is looking better, feeling better and doing better since Calotabs, the de-nauseated calomel tablet, has come in to general use. For biliousness, constipation and indigestion the new calomel tablet is a wonder,—not the slightest unpleasantness yet all of the liver-cleansing virtues of the old-style calomel.

Calotabs are the easiest and most pleasant of all medicines to take. One tablet on the tongue at bedtime, and a swallow of water—that's all. No taste, no nausea, or unpleasantness. You wake up in the morning feeling fine and with a hearty appetite. Eat what you please—no danger.

Beware of imitations! Genuine Calotabs are sold only in "checker-board" (black and white) packages bearing the copyrighted trade-mark "Calotabs." The large, family size sells for thirty-five cents; vest-pocket size, ten cents. All dealers are authorized to refund the price if you are not delighted with Calotabs.—adv.

Whoa!
In town or down on the farm—to satisfy thirst—drink
Bottled
Coca-Cola
Delicious and Refreshing

5¢

Coco-Cola Bottling Co.

Modern Girls In New Atmosphere

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., April 24.—The horizon of an intelligent girl of today is wider than that of the girl of 1860. Mrs. Robert C. Speer, of New York city, president of the national board of the Young Women's Christian Association, said in presenting the report of the board to the national convention of the association here.

"Notions of girls derived from Louisa M. Alcott are out of date," she said.

"Girls are beset, with complex interests; a Pandora's box of emotions and experiences fills the air with thrills and stings for them. The sense of adventure, of something to be done, the ranges, something calling for us," she summed up their out of the old highroad of custom. Unless they are led aright these may be weary years of wanderings in the wilderness.

"There could be no greater challenge. We are interpreters of life for young women. The negative of what no longer has power with a world where curiosity has displaced fear. Our place is not with the tables turned, but with the followers of the leader who sat on a hilltop in Galilee and told the listening crowd where the satisfactions of life are to be found.

"It was used to adopt the social ideals of the churches, to use our influence in preparing women for responsible citizenship, and after studying social and economic conditions affecting women to see how these conditions could be helped by legislation, pledging ourselves to work for legislation which might promote the welfare of young women.

"Our much criticized stand for social ideals has borne widespread fruit and has brought the endorsement of medical men and women as no other cause has ever taken. Contrary to widespread impression, it did not bring us financial loss. It has influenced popular opinion, and one finds in newspapers today, as commonplaces, statements that would have been regarded as dangerous three years ago. Ideas that had their germ in the social creed are now integral parts of the reports of merchants' associations and state chamber of commerce.

"Science now reinforces what common sense has always said, that where the girls lead, the boys will follow, and the race in turn will grow. It was this commonplace of present-day thinking that made the governmental authorities turn in 1917 to the Young Women's Christian Association as a woman's organization that could be entrusted with special responsibilities. The nation put millions into our hands, primarily to set the girls, but that the girls might not hinder the boys in their task. With 1919, the welfare of young women went out of the heart of the average American, but again we set the girls, and the girls did not go back to the accustomed life at home.

Morgan Accepts Invitation to Consider Loan

NEW YORK, April 24.—J. P. Morgan today announced his acceptance of the allied reparations commission's invitation to become a member of the committee which will consider the loan of an international loan for Germany. He will sail for Europe about the middle of May.

Mr. Morgan indicated that the proposed loan to Germany would be a popular loan, one that the people of the United States and other allied countries would be asked to subscribe. With good terms and good security, he said, he believed such a loan could be made.

"America, of course, is very important in the foreign loan situation," he said. "The question I am asked is whether, if so, on what terms a German loan can be placed in this country."

"I think I can be useful and I am going over about the middle of May. Personal matters preventing me from sailing before that time, I am glad to hear Mr. Morgan said he would cable his formal acceptance of the invitation tonight.

Mr. Morgan declined to estimate what amount of German bonds could be sold in the American market. He expressed the opinion that, if the terms were satisfactory, conditions for such a loan were excellent at this time.

Asked whether he thought the loan would clear away the chief obstacles to Europe's rehabilitation, he said: "Now you are getting into politics."

"My interest in the situation," he explained, "is merely to advise what the United States can do to help out the loan plan."

Value of Farm Products Off One-Third Last Year

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Despite the Emergency Tariff act, which was passed specifically to boost farm products, they fell off one-third in value in 1921. This is the official estimate of the Department of Agriculture, which has just completed a study of the situation.

The gross wealth produced by farmers last year was \$12,265,000,000, as compared with \$18,265,000,000 in 1920, when the Republicans were making their pleas for support to the agricultural interests. This is one-half the aggregate for \$23,733,000,000 in 1919. In other words, the decline was greater with the emergency tariff than on the books than before it was enacted.

Crops and animal products, for which the emergency tariff was especially designed, showed heavy slumps. The total value of animal products on the farm in 1919 was \$4,851,000,000. They declined to \$7,354,000,000 in 1920, while in 1921 they dropped to \$5,335,000,000.

NATCHEE, Miss., April 24.—All leaves are holding in the fifth Louisiana district and with largely increased forces of men at the various points where trouble has developed the situation there seemed encouraged.

Soviet Making Wild Demands Upon the Allies

GENOA, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Another new twist in the Russian tangle again caught the attention of the world today. The Russian delegates have developed a new set of proposals. It is understood that at the meeting of the experts on the Russian question the afternoon session was devoted to the complete wiping-out of the war debts and also relinquishment of all arrears in interest on pre-war debts.

Simultaneously they asked for the assurance that the powers would grant means sufficient to enable Russia to reorganize her national life.

As the soviet had previously given the allies to understand that a scaling down of the war debts would be acceptable, the demand of the delegates for a protocol cancelling these debts caused great surprise to the representatives of the powers who reported to the chiefs of their respective delegations that the trend of today's meeting with the bolshevik indicated the possibility of insuperable difficulties in coming to some arrangement with the soviet.

The Russian request for extensive loans caused dissatisfaction because it is recognized that it would be extremely difficult to guarantee credits to Russia without some reasonable assurance that they would be handled by a truly responsible Russian government.

The allied chiefs tonight frankly expressed their opinion that the soviet will be extremely difficult unless the Russian delegates show a reasonable attitude. The experts adjourned and the delegates will meet tomorrow to discuss the Russian demands, which proposed also that the powers accept restitution of the private property of foreigners.

The Russian delegates declared that they were willing to grant terms which were conditional, first, on the recognition of their government, and second, receipt of a loan from foreign countries.

At the delegations, free from the incubus of the crisis which for a week threatened the existence of the conference, set themselves today to hard work and determined to reach a practical conclusion in the shortest time, doing their best to avoid further incidents.

The commissions and sub-commissions which met were so numerous that they set aside for the purpose at the royal palace were insufficient.

The Russian question still constitutes the most important item of the conference. Prior to the meeting of the commission entrusted with the study of the Russian problem, at Livorno, and the Russian delegates, Mr. Litvinoff and Mr. Rastovsky promised to give the explanations requested. Premier Lloyd George expressed the hope that the question would be satisfactorily concluded by the end of the week.

The disappearance of last week's crisis was doubly celebrated at the Villa de Albertis. Mr. Lloyd George's residence, because it coincided with the birthday of his daughter, Margaret. Mr. Lloyd George has received many congratulations for his handling of the situation. The past few days have been a period of great strain and tension caused by the Russo-German treaty interfering in any great measure with the conference. In fact, as one of the delegates put it, making the past few days a period of great strain and tension caused by the Russo-German treaty interfering in any great measure with the conference.

Blind Violinist Tells How He Writes Music And Perfect Scores

BALTIMORE, April 24.—While waiting in the South Hall of the Peabody Conservatory of Music, yesterday to be called for a rehearsal of his concerto which will be played here for the first time tomorrow night, Edgar Grasse, the famous blind violinist and composer, told how he composes. He narrated how he creates his compositions, transfers them to paper and finally how he learns the notes of the numbers of his repertoire.

"I do not draw on mental pictures, nor do I try to interpret any particular scene in my compositions. Mine is a spontaneous outpouring of my feelings and temperament at the time I am writing."

"My method is this: I know my theme and the method in which it will be developed. Then I sit at the piano and with a musical secretary beside me, I work out not only the solo parts but the orchestration as the secretary takes it down."

"In learning scores of other composers I sit beside the piano and there is a reversal of the previous method. The pianist plays the selection as I listen, asking frequent questions as to the meaning of certain notes and phrases and making a mental photograph of it all."

Mr. Grasse's concerto in E minor for violin and full orchestra will be played by the John Hopkins Orchestra tomorrow night at the Peabody Conservatory. The composed will be the soloist. He heard it with orchestra for the first time at yesterday's rehearsal.

CUPA CANE SUGAR WILL PAY DEBTS

NEW YORK, April 24.—The Cuba Cane Sugar corporation today announced that \$7,000,000 of acceptances, maturing May 1, will be paid. The original amount of \$18,000,000 was reduced last October to \$13,500,000 and in January another payment of \$6,500,000 was made.

Officials of the Cuba Cane Corporation would not discuss industrial conditions in the Antilles, but the recent trend of the raw and refined sugar markets points to marked recuperation from last year's severe depression.

IF THIS PLAY COMES UP

If a pitcher starts to throw to first to catch a runner attempting to complete the throw or it is regarded as a balk, entitling all runners to advance one base. If after stepping toward second or third with the intent to catch a runner attempting to complete the throw or it is regarded as a balk, entitling all runners to advance one base. All that is necessary is that the pitcher step toward second or third.

ROBT. HILLINGWORTH DIES
NEWARK, April 24.—Robert Hillingworth, until recently vice president of the Crucible Steel company, died suddenly last night at the age of 60. He was announced today. He was associated with the company for 42 years, and was considered one of the best steel experts in the United States, having developed many processes of manufacture.

Tariff Debate That Will Last For Weeks Begins

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The tariff debate today in the Senate marked the real beginning of weeks, and perhaps months, of battling over the administration measure which the finance committee reported two weeks ago.

Discussion was opened by Senator Smoot, Republican, Utah, with a detailed legislation of the elastic tariff proposals written into the bill at the suggestion of President Harding and it included an attack on three proposals by Senator Jones, Democrat, New Mexico, and the opening of a general assault on the whole measure by Senator King, Democrat, Utah.

Characterizing the measure as "more iniquitous" than the Payne-Aldrich and Dingley measures, Senator King charged that it was a bill "to increase the price of everything the people buy" and was framed in the interest of the "dye trust, the woolen trust, the chemical trust, the mill trusts, some of the cotton mill trusts, and the multitude of great organizations that in the past have preyed upon the people and that in the future will continue their policy of exploitation."

The House of Representatives, under the leadership of Chairman McCumber, of the finance committee, in calling up the measure, announced that it was an appeal to the predatory interests of the United States to be merciful to the people or consumer, and said that when the nation was at war and the very fate of civilization seemed to be at stake, "some of the same vultures that dictated schedules in this bill were robbing the people and the American government."

Senator King declared the address of Chairman McCumber, of the finance committee, in calling up the measure, announced that it was an appeal to the predatory interests of the United States to be merciful to the people or consumer, and said that when the nation was at war and the very fate of civilization seemed to be at stake, "some of the same vultures that dictated schedules in this bill were robbing the people and the American government."

Chairman McCumber denied that his address was an "appeal." He said that in discussing conditions in the world and in this country, he thought the time opportune to call attention to the tariff problem, retailers and factory laborers that the American public could consume only as much as it was able to pay for it. "Some of the same vultures that dictated schedules in this bill were robbing the people and the American government."

In the course of his remarks, Senator King took issue with the tariff bill, political tariff bloc, the manufacturers' bloc and what he described as other blocs and groups. He declared the death knell of political parties was sounded when there was a division into "farmers' groups, workmen's groups and manufacturers' groups."

Referring to an announcement of the Southern Tariff Association that had laid its appeal for higher rates before the tariff bloc, Senator King demanded to know what had become of the "able senators who constitute the finance committee and who are supposed to write tariff bills."

"The tariff bloc is supreme," he added, "and I suppose the manufacturers' bloc and the tariff bloc squeezed the finance committee as a strong man squeezes a fly in his hands, or sought to do so."

Referring to American valuation, Senator King warned that the Senate would be in session many weeks before the tariff bill could be passed. He said that the tariff bill was written into this bill.

"It is infamous enough without that provision," he said, "that the tariff bill be made inalterable with that provision."

As to the elastic tariff provisions, Senator King said they would operate to make the tariff committee a federal court of appeals, and would make for stability, and would result in the permanent presence in Washington of a tariff lobby which would dance before senators and representatives, all "the spectres brains of the interests could conjure up."

SEEK DISMISSAL OF THE CHARGES

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 24.—Attorneys for W. J. Hale, president of the Tennessee Agricultural and Industrial Normal school; H. N. Robinson, former co-ordinator for the veterans' bureau, and W. D. Hawkins, cashier of the People's Savings Bank and Trust Company, under indictment in federal court on charges of conspiracy to defraud the United States government, extortion and conspiracy to oppress citizens of the United States, filed demurrers in the United States district court here today, claiming the indictments were too vague and indefinite and that they showed no facts to substantiate the charge of violation of federal statutes.

The State board of education recently exonerated Hale of the charges worked up by representatives of the Veterans' bureau.

Robinson was removed as co-ordinator of the bureau by Director Charles R. Forbes.

INTERCOLLEGIATE NEWS ASSOCIATION TO MEET

GREENVILLE, S. C., April 24.—The Southern Intercollegiate Newspaper Association will hold its second annual meeting at Furman University here Friday and Saturday. Young women delegates will be entertained by the Greenville Woman's College. The association was organized a year ago at the University of Richmond, and is headed by Charles C. Leek, then editor of the Richmond Collegian, as president. Colleges in seven states, hold membership in the organization.

RESINOL

Soothing and Healing for Rashes and Chafing

Fine for Lumbago

Musterole drives pain away and takes it in its place delicious, soothing comfort. Just rub it in gently.

It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It will not blister the old-fashioned mustard plaster. Get Musterole today at your drug store. 35 cents in jars and tubes; hospital size, \$3.00. BETTER THAN A MUSTARD PLASTER

READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS AND SEE IF THAT ISN'T SO?

WAGES MUST DROP TO REDUCE HIGH COST OF LIVING

BALTIMORE, Md., April 24.—The question of reducing the cost of living was presented from the viewpoint of the nation's farmers in addresses tonight before the National League of Women Voters by Secretary Wallace of the Agriculture Department and Senator Capper, of Kansas, leader of the Senate agricultural bloc.

"If we accept our present system of distribution of meats and other food products as being a satisfactory system," said Secretary Wallace, "then any marked reduction in cost must come first through reduction in wages because wages are altogether the largest item in marketing or retailing. I am not arguing that there should be large reductions in wages. I simply point out that the large increase in wages are mainly responsible for the large increase in cost to the consumer."

Formation of co-operative marketing associations, Mr. Wallace permitted an encouraged notice of the demurrer of co-operative marketing law was recommended by Senator Capper as a remedy for cost of living conditions.

A resolution in favor of "outlawing wars" by creating an international law which would make war a crime was adopted today at the meeting of the National League of Women Voters committee on reduction of armaments.

EAGLES MAINTAIN A REGULAR BAR

BOSTON, April 24.—Asserting Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles, was maintaining a bar room and a brewmaster and selling ale at 10 cents a glass, Prohibition Supervisor James P. Roberts today obtained warrants for the arrest of four men connected with the organization.

Supervisor Roberts, who conducted a raid on the Eagle clubhouse, said he found in the basement where the liquor was manufactured, 19 half barrels of ale together with malt, hops, yeast and other ingredients, and mixing tubs. "We found copper pipes running to the bar room on the second floor, where ale was on tap as in the old days," he added.

BAD SLOUGH AT MILLIKEN BEND

VICKSBURG, Miss., April 24.—Lever engineers reported that a bad slough had occurred late today on the land side of the Mississippi river levee at Milliken Bend, La., near the Arkansas State line. Men rushed to the scene, and are now engaged in an effort to prevent a break.

The river was practically stationary throughout this district. All week places in the lines were said to be under control.

Sarah Knox Trial Begins

(By The Associated Press.)
MONTROSS, Va., April 25.—Miss Sarah Knox, Baltimore nurse, went on trial today in the Westmoreland county circuit court, charged with murdering Mrs. Margaret Eastlake, of Colonial Beach last September. The selection of a jury is expected to take up the entire first day.

Resume Meet To End Strike

(By The Associated Press.)
NEW YORK, April 25.—A nationwide check-up of bituminous resources has been begun by miners and operators to determine the extent the strike has depleted the coal stock on hand. Anthracite miners' officials returned here today to resume the conference with operators in an effort to end the strike.

PROVISION APPROVED

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The House provision in the annual army supply bill providing \$42,815,661 for river and harbor maintenance and development next year was approved today by a sub-committee of the Senate appropriations committee which considered the measure. This was the first action taken by a Senate committee on the bill.

ACADEMY OF SCIENCE PLANNED IN CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, April 24.—Plans for the erection here at a million-dollar building as the home of a national academy of sciences and national research council and to center American science in all fields, was announced today by Dr. C. L. Walcott, president of the National Academy.

The opening session of its meeting, to be held in the building for visitors will be a colossal telescope on the dome, which will throw a large image of the sun on a white surface and demonstrate to the actual vision of the layman the natural phenomenon of spots.

Total number of automobiles in actual operation in Canada has been placed at 430,000.

23 Arraigned On Treason Charge

CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., April 24.—(Associated Press.)—Whether twenty-three men, including officers and members of the United Mine Workers of America, would be tried here on a charge of treason, depended on the decision of Judge J. M. Woods, who today heard arguments of a demurrer of the defendants and a motion to quash the indictment. Two grounds were alleged by defense counsel for calling the indictment on the treason charge faulty and much of the men against whom this and other charges have been brought because of the march and fighting in Boone and Logan counties last August, was taken up with arguments on these points. Judge Woods took the demurrer under advisement when he adjourned court.

The prosecution when asked which of the fifteen indictments it elected to try first, announced choice of the treason charge. The defense immediately gave notice of its demurrer. T. C. Townsend, of defense counsel, advanced the argument that the treason indictment should have contained the word "feloniously" and that its language was too general.

The answering argument for the State was made by A. M. Belcher, of Charleston, associated with the prosecution counsel. Treason, he said, was a distinct crime, and was "more than a felony." He read from indictments and opinions in other cases, including the Fries tax rebellion in Pennsylvania, in 1793, as bearing on this point and also cited provisions for confiscation of property as removing treason from the felony class on the basis of punishment inflicted.

LADY ASTOR SPENDS DAY IN RESTING

Is Fatigued by Incessant Activity Since Reaching United States

BALTIMORE, April 24.—Fatigued by her incessant activity since reaching America last Wednesday, Lady Nancy Astor remained away from convention headquarters of the National League of Women Voters today and spent the hours in rest.

In the afternoon Lady Astor abandoned her plan to accompany the convention to Washington, D. C., and instead she walked through the gardens at the suburban home of her hosts, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Garrett, then worked on an address she is to deliver tomorrow, and later called on some of her friends of by-gone days, when she was Nancy Langhorne of Virginia.

She will leave for Washington on Friday to remain there over Sunday. From Washington Lord and Lady Astor will go to Richmond, Virginia, then to Danville.

JUDGE ORR CORRECTS STATEMENT TO PRESS

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 24.—Federal Judge Charles P. Orr, tonight made a statement in connection with the naturalization of coal miners, because he said he had been misquoted. Judge Orr denied that he said "public sentiment is against the strike" or that "he told coal miners to go back to work."

He said that in the present strike, as in former strikes, he had consistently expressed to applicants for citizenship the view that an "idle alien who is engaged in an economic controversy in which the American people are greatly interested, should present himself for naturalization until the controversy is settled." He added that he had never refused citizenship on that ground, but had in every instance continued the hearing.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Insurance Is High In Erin

DUBLIN, April 24.—A Lloyd's deriver, intending to sue for riot risks, arrived here in the evening, and two men were struck in the cat of straw bullet and sent to a hospital. Then the rate jumped from \$23 on riot insurance policy months. One Lloyd agent's riot insurance policies amounted to \$440,000 the last ten days.

A term of 80 days in jail and a \$50 fine was the penalty imposed on Joe Madison, colored, this morning in the mayor's court on a charge of violating the liquor law. An appeal was noted in the case. Madison was arrested several days ago after a search of his house by the police had revealed a half gallon of whiskey on the inside and a gallon in a trash can just outside his window. So certain was Madison's attorney that the warrant would be dismissed that he did not introduce the defendant, and stated that he did not care to make any remarks. However, some remarks were forthcoming immediately after the sentence was pronounced. He placed Madison on the stand, who denied any knowledge of the whiskey being in the barrel, and then argued that there was no evidence to substantiate the charge. The court held that the negro was guilty, and left the sentence to the jury. The jury pronounced whereupon the appeal was taken.

Will Dorcus and Mary Swann, colored, were assessed \$20 each on a statutory charge. Johnny Fitzgerald, colored, was fined \$2.50 on a charge of loitering the street.

LADY ASTOR SPENDS DAY IN RESTING

Is Fatigued by Incessant Activity Since Reaching United States

BALTIMORE, April 24.—Fatigued by her incessant activity since reaching America last Wednesday, Lady Nancy Astor remained away from convention headquarters of the National League of Women Voters today and spent the hours in rest.

In the afternoon Lady Astor abandoned her plan to accompany the convention to Washington, D. C., and instead she walked through the gardens at the suburban home of her hosts, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Garrett, then worked on an address she is to deliver tomorrow, and later called on some of her friends of by-gone days, when she was Nancy Langhorne of Virginia.

She will leave for Washington on Friday to remain there over Sunday. From Washington Lord and Lady Astor will go to Richmond, Virginia, then to Danville.

JUDGE ORR CORRECTS STATEMENT TO PRESS

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 24.—Federal Judge Charles P. Orr, tonight made a statement in connection with the naturalization of coal miners, because he said he had been misquoted. Judge Orr denied that he said "public sentiment is against the strike" or that "he told coal miners to go back to work."

He said that in the present strike, as in former strikes, he had consistently expressed to applicants for citizenship the view that an "idle alien who is engaged in an economic controversy in which the American people are greatly interested, should present himself for naturalization until the controversy is settled." He added that he had never refused citizenship on that ground, but had in every instance continued the hearing.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

Landis was a graduate of Washburn College, was editor of the Logansport, Indiana, Journal and a member of the 55th to 60th congress.

THE OLD HOME-TOWN

BY STANLEY



MARSHAL OTEY WALKER GAVE TWO REASONS WHY HE DIDN'T GIVE THAT TRAMP A HARD RUN - FIRST, OTEY STILL HAS HIS RED FLANNELS ON - SECOND, HE HAD LOST THE KEY TO THE JAIL.

OUT OUR WAY

BY WILLIAMS

EVERETT TRUE



THE NOT BROTHERS

BICKER FAMILY

Spring Housecleaning

BY SAT.



OUR BOARDING HOUSE

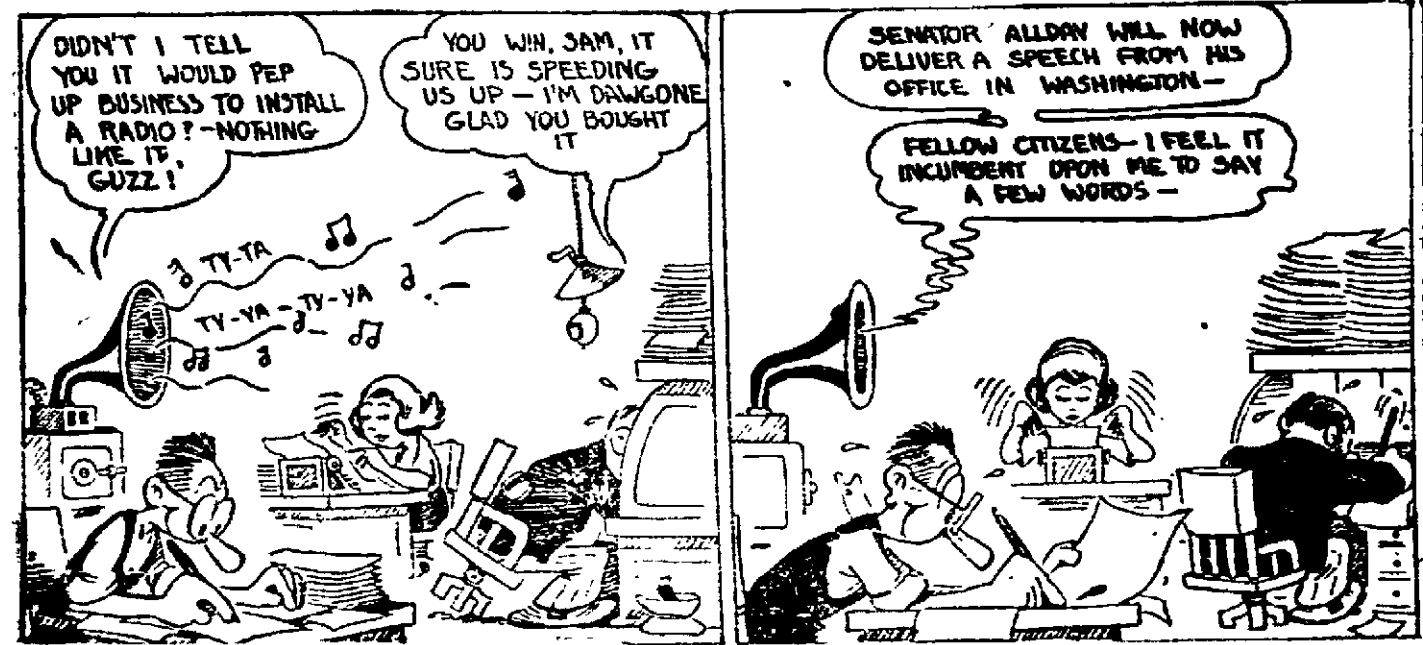
BY AHERN



THE "MAJOR" IS BROKE AGAIN

SALESMAN SAM

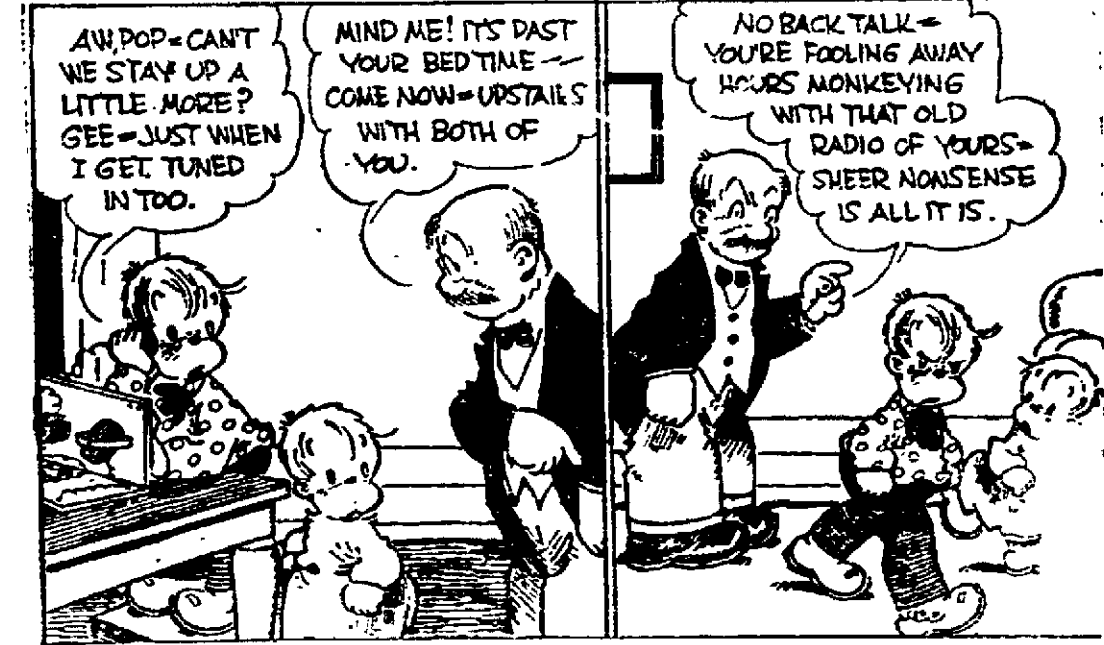
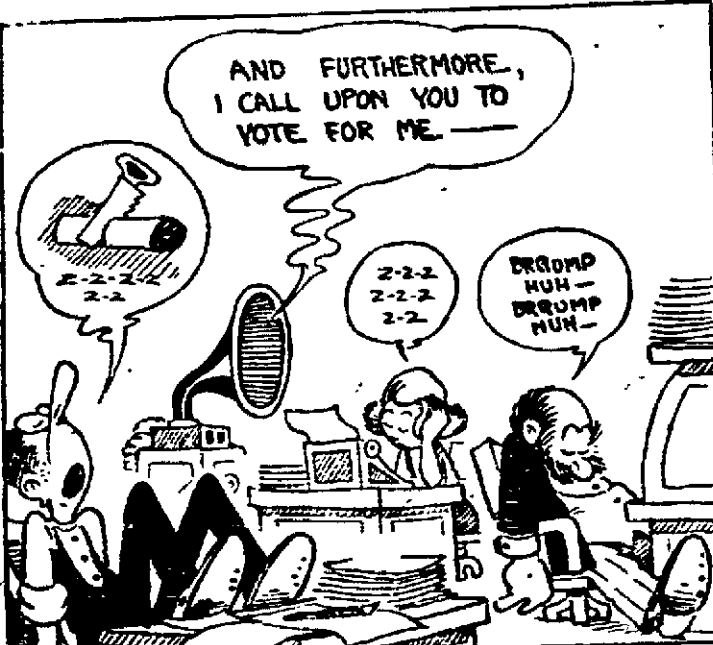
Pepped Up and Down



BY SWANFRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS

Po pFalls!

BY BLOSSE



THE DUFFS

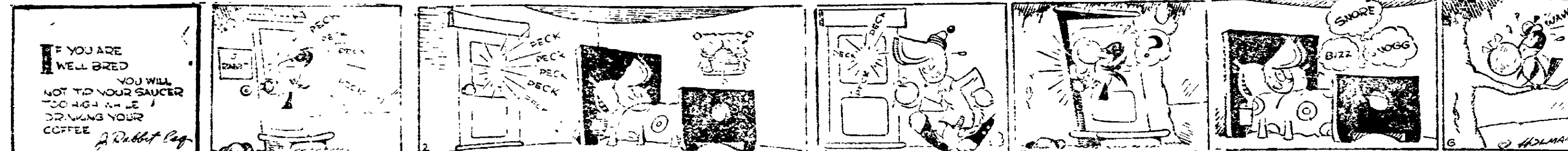
Olivia Does Some Shopping

BY ALLMAN



J. RABBIT

BY HOLMAN



Make the

Hotel Burton

Your home while in Danville.

Best Dining Room in City.

Reasonable Rates

**Danville Takes
Easy Game From
Chatham School**

Manager Abbott and his Danville baseball squad returned late yesterday from Chatham, whereafter a brief warm-up they played a practice game with the team of the Chatham Training school, the leaguers winning easily by a score of 6 to 0.

Already sickness has developed among members of the squad, at least two being incapacitated for play because of their physical condition. These are being well looked after, however, and there is hope that all the regulars will be ready to start on the trip to High Point, where Danville will open the Piedmont League schedule with its old opening-day rivals, now under the pilotage of Manager Herndon, who is said to have assembled almost an entirely new team.

The widely current report in local sport circles yesterday that Short Stop Baker, formerly of the Richmond, Va. team, but now under contract with Toledo, had secured his release and would be here tomorrow, turned out to have been erroneous. It is known that Baker has been in correspondence with the Danville management for some two weeks or more, due to his dissatisfaction with being kept on the bench by his new masters in faster company. He was apparently anxious to get away, and, it is believed, would have joined Abbott's squad, had not the Toledo manager shown a disposition to give him a chance to show his wares. There is still a hope that if he is made a free agent he will sign a Danville contract.

Among the who's who in the baseball world, "Ducky" Holmes, a former higher class man who in 1921 played with the Richmond team, catching in 63 games with a fielding average of .951 and compiling a batting average of .263 in 353 times at bat, making 93 hits for a total of 122 bases. He went to Richmond last week and thence came on to Danville, where he was signed for a test. His experience and his ability as a catcher makes him of great value to the Tobaccos.

The weather has been decidedly unfavorable for any real test of the abilities of the pitching staff. It being dangerous for the hurlers to "cut loose" in such variable and uncertain temperature and atmospheric conditions thus early in the season. With the long string of rain, however, no difficulty is anticipated in the pitching department.

The discovery that some of the batsmen cannot hit left-handed pitching will require special effort to get these men to find the shoots of the hurlers who catapult from the starboard. The opening game at High Point tomorrow afternoon, weather permitting, will give the management an intelligent line on the strength or weakness of the team as it plays. The general impression is that one of the infield positions needs strengthening, but the rest is yet to be made in actual play.

Among the Hi Pint aggregation our old friend "Rube" Eldridge with his speedy left wing is still in action. Eldridge has never been effective against Danville, and it is likely that he will be Manager Herndon's choice for the initial fray. It is to be expected that both the teams will be a little ragged at this early stage, especially with the real baseball weather to condition the men.

Manager Lee Gooch has many new faces in his Durham squad. It is expected that he himself, Conley and Shore will be the mainstay of the team. Charlie Strain, "he of the spectacles" who was here a week or more ago with the Church Hill Athletics, will play the hot corner, while a man named "Aldo" is said to be in the line-up on the short-field job, with Magrath still a possibility. Clark, formerly right fielder for Danville, will be tried at first base and a player named Benham is said to be slated for second. Humphrey and Carson, the latter formerly of Trinity, are said to be the probable wind-pump wearers for Bull-town, while Caviness, McWhorter (formerly of Richmond), Watts Shore and Coffey are the boxmen with whom Gooch will start the flag hunt.

Manager Duncan, of Raleigh, is said to have enrolled a bunch of men of whom little is yet known here, but it is believed he will present a formidable team when the Capitals get the word "Go" for the pennant sprint.

Danville has signed up Pitcher Green, a left-hander and a big fellow, who has played for two seasons with Durham and pitched effectively. In 1920 while playing as Nelson he pitched in 31 games, winning 19 and losing only 3. He fielded .952, a fine record for a left-hander, and was tied with a losing team he won 10 and lost 12 games. He batted .221 in 1921 and .177 in 1920. He is a big fellow and appears to be in good condition.

**SHIP RENDERS AID
TO INJURED MAN**

PLYMOUTH, England, April 24.—(Associated Press.)—The United States Line Steamship America, which arrived here today, went 150 miles out to sea to render aid to a man who was injured on the United States Shipping Board ship New England, en route to the United States, and transferred him to the America after a thrilling battle with a mountainous sea.

The injured man was second engineer Boyd B. O'Neal, of Baltimore. He suffered a severe abdominal wound and had one leg nearly blown off in an explosion in the engine room. The steamer sent S. O. S. calls for a physician, but it was said these were ignored by seven steamers, who offered advice but sent no assistance. Then the America came to the rescue last Friday. Chief Officer Green of the America, with the ship's surgeon and a volunteer crew, embarked on a lifeboat and transferred O'Neal to the America after a fierce battle on stormy seas, in which wonderful seamanship was displayed.

**Semenoff Case
Has New Angle**

WASHINGTON, April 24.—(By the Associated Press.)—Senator Borah's determination to have the Russian ambassador before a Senate committee is the talk of the moment in the capital.

Outwardly it is a simple proposal to have Mr. Bakmeteff tell the senators what he knows about the conduct and alleged atrocities of General Semenov, the Cossack leader in Siberia. Incidentally, Senator Borah wants to get the ambassador to give details about what government he represents.

But under the surface there is something deeper and more far-reaching—something which one set of minds contend goes back to the wisdom of the framers of the constitution, and, on the other hand, something which another set of minds contend ought to be viewed in the light of changing conditions and progress. The diplomats are deeply disturbed—two ways. Some of them are fearful of a breakdown of their ancient rights and immunities. Some others, although they do not so say, indicate they would not be displeased at a precedent which might establish the propriety of having direct intercourse with officials of the government outside the executive branch.

As the matter stands now, Secretary Hughes has informed the Senate that Mr. Bakmeteff is the ambassador of Russia and that, although he cannot be served having him before a congressional committee. Senator Borah says he will deal with the matter further from the floor of the Senate. Meanwhile, it might be said that the executive branch of the government is uneasy over the establishment of having direct intercourse with officials of the government outside the executive branch.

The oldest traditions of international law conflict with the subterfuge of diplomats, their persons and establishments on the ground that only by such safeguards can a diplomatic officer be of any real service to his own government. As far back as 1790 Congress enacted laws in accord with those traditions. The laws on this subject are very explicit and far-reaching.

Section 4063 of the Revised Statutes provides that whenever any writ is sued out in any court, national or state, whereby the person of any minister received by the president is arrested, "such writ or process shall be deemed void."

The next section goes further, providing that whenever any such writ is sued out "every person by whom the same is obtained or prosecuted, whether as party or attorney, or as agent, or as officer, or as clerk, or in any other capacity, shall be deemed a violator of the law of nations and a disturber of the public repose, and shall be imprisoned for not more than three years and fined at the discretion of the court."

It has happened that resident diplomats have even been quite willing personally to respond to inquiries and supply their testimony to American courts, but it is also the fact that by the terms of international law they are strictly forbidden to do so except by special direction of their own government. This rarely happens, even though miscarriage of justice occurs and criminals escape just punishment.

In the present instance it is well understood that Mr. Bakmeteff has no disposition to protect the Russian government from prosecution. The Russian embassy had little to do with Semenov when he passed through Washington recently on his way to New York, where he had expected to take ship for Paris to meet the colony of adherents of the Kerensky regime and plan for the future of the Russian government. It was Semenov who gave publicity to a statement made by Semenov regarding his course in Siberia. But that was done with the deliberate purpose of putting on the record a positive disclaimer by Semenov that he has entered into any compact with the Japanese to grant valuable concessions to them in return for their assistance in overturning the Soviet forces in Eastern Siberia. Beyond that publication the embassy gave no sign of the existence of Semenov. Nor did it attempt to prevent his arrest on the ship.

There are other members of the diplomatic body here, however, who might be willing to consider the relinquishment of some of the immunities thrown around them by law in return for the privilege of addressing themselves to the great committees of Congress on matters of importance and interest to their own governments. These are men of the more modern school of diplomacy, believing in direct methods and open legislation to the officials who are framing laws and the Senate finance committee on the tariff bill and endeavor to prevent what they regard as a serious injury to trade interests through a lack of understanding on the part of the committee.

There was the case of British ambassador, Mr. Auckland Geddes, who on January 4, 1921, smarting under what he regarded as a misrepresentation of the attitude of the British government in the treatment of cablegrams, took the effective but irregular course of sending a letter directly to Senator Kellogg, giving the facts from the British standpoint and denying that the private information contained in the cablegrams of American business concerns was being clandestinely used for the information of British trade rivals.

Developments in that direction were not viewed with satisfaction by the executive branch of the government. It was bad enough to have senators and representatives influenced at times in opposition to the regular course of diplomatic relations and ministers not only in the course of the frequent meetings in the many social affairs, receptions, dinners and other entertainments which make up the Washington season, but by the exchange of letters and cables of personal communications. It could not be contemplated that such diplomatic agents should be permitted to deal directly with Congress. That same thought smacked too much of the days of Citizen Genet, who was expelled from America by President Madison for openly addressing himself to Congress and the American people in an effort to drag the country into war with England in the interest of France.

The objections of the administration to such intercourse therefore are fundamental and the present head of the State Department is understood to be ready to do everything necessary to stem the tide of congressional interference in diplomatic negotiations outside of the regular channels of communication. The executive branch of the government. The objection to these irregular communications applies not only to advances from the resident diplomatic corps toward Congress, but equally to moves by congressmen to mix in pending negotiations.

It is by no means a party matter, either, for as a matter of fact the Wilson administration was even more resentful of such practices than the present. Soon after he assumed the office of secretary of state, Mr. Bryan, in his haste to administer a sharp admonition to Senator Borah when the latter cabled directly to the president of Salvador in regard to the attitude of the Salvadorian government towards the treaty which was being negotiated for the regulation of the rights of Central American countries in the construction of an interoceanic canal across Nicaragua. President Cleveland sternly opposed congressional interference in negotiations with foreign nations; President Wilson almost comports himself in the same manner. The present administration is evidently apprehensive over the situation.

Probably for that reason it has been deemed timely to call a halt on such proceedings and hence the letting of Secretary Hughes to the president of the Senate pointing out that the Russian ambassador is entitled to immunity should be raised as to whether or not he is really an ambassador. It will be recalled by the administration that it is to the executive branch of the government that the courts pass on that question, as the constitution of the United States defining the presidential powers reads: "He shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers."

**BUG FLASHES IN
PLACE OF RADIO**

PEORIA, Ill., April 24.—If science can discover how the lightning bug's sending apparatus flashes light waves, instead of radio waves, it will supersede, E. G. Shalkhauser, professor of physics and radio science at Bradley Polytechnic Institute, here, said today.

Professor Shalkhauser believed the firefly can send out an electric magnetic wave, and he is investigating. "If we could find this source, I think we could throw away all our antennae, audion bulbs and other apparatus, because in my belief the lightning bugs may have a little power plant of their own, more highly perfect than any fruit of radio science," said Professor Shalkhauser. "It has been proved repeatedly that the wave transmitted by the bug is a cold light wave. The light wave, heat wave and radio wave are the same frequency."

**FARRAR QUILTS THE
OPERA FOR STAGE**

NEW YORK, April 24.—Geraldine Farrar's voice will no longer be heard in operatic roles, it was announced tonight, when it became known that David Belasco, producer, had taken her under his management and would star her in dramatic productions. No longer a singer, the power play of the time Miss Farrar would make her first legitimate appearance.

While both Miss Farrar and Mr. Belasco refused to discuss the matter, it was understood that the producer had already arranged to have a play written "around" her. Miss Farrar made what she termed her final appearance in grand opera at the Metropolitan opera house Saturday night when she sang in "Zaza."

ing on the part of the committee.

There was the case of British ambassador, Mr. Auckland Geddes, who on January 4, 1921, smarting under what he regarded as a misrepresentation of the attitude of the British government in the treatment of cablegrams, took the effective but irregular course of sending a letter directly to Senator Kellogg, giving the facts from the British standpoint and denying that the private information contained in the cablegrams of American business concerns was being clandestinely used for the information of British trade rivals.

Developments in that direction were not viewed with satisfaction by the executive branch of the government. It was bad enough to have senators and representatives influenced at times in opposition to the regular course of diplomatic relations and ministers not only in the course of the frequent meetings in the many social affairs, receptions, dinners and other entertainments which make up the Washington season, but by the exchange of letters and cables of personal communications. It could not be contemplated that such diplomatic agents should be permitted to deal directly with Congress. That same thought smacked too much of the days of Citizen Genet, who was expelled from America by President Madison for openly addressing himself to Congress and the American people in an effort to drag the country into war with England in the interest of France.

The objections of the administration to such intercourse therefore are fundamental and the present head of the State Department is understood to be ready to do everything necessary to stem the tide of congressional interference in diplomatic negotiations outside of the regular channels of communication. The executive branch of the government. The objection to these irregular communications applies not only to advances from the resident diplomatic corps toward Congress, but equally to moves by congressmen to mix in pending negotiations.

It is by no means a party matter, either, for as a matter of fact the Wilson administration was even more resentful of such practices than the present. Soon after he assumed the office of secretary of state, Mr. Bryan, in his haste to administer a sharp admonition to Senator Borah when the latter cabled directly to the president of Salvador in regard to the attitude of the Salvadorian government towards the treaty which was being negotiated for the regulation of the rights of Central American countries in the construction of an interoceanic canal across Nicaragua. President Cleveland sternly opposed congressional interference in negotiations with foreign nations; President Wilson almost comports himself in the same manner. The present administration is evidently apprehensive over the situation.

Probably for that reason it has been deemed timely to call a halt on such proceedings and hence the letting of Secretary Hughes to the president of the Senate pointing out that the Russian ambassador is entitled to immunity should be raised as to whether or not he is really an ambassador. It will be recalled by the administration that it is to the executive branch of the government that the courts pass on that question, as the constitution of the United States defining the presidential powers reads: "He shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers."

**BUG FLASHES IN
PLACE OF RADIO**

PEORIA, Ill., April 24.—If science can discover how the lightning bug's sending apparatus flashes light waves, instead of radio waves, it will supersede, E. G. Shalkhauser, professor of physics and radio science at Bradley Polytechnic Institute, here, said today.

Professor Shalkhauser believed the firefly can send out an electric magnetic wave, and he is investigating. "If we could find this source, I think we could throw away all our antennae, audion bulbs and other apparatus, because in my belief the lightning bugs may have a little power plant of their own, more highly perfect than any fruit of radio science," said Professor Shalkhauser. "It has been proved repeatedly that the wave transmitted by the bug is a cold light wave. The light wave, heat wave and radio wave are the same frequency."

**FARRAR QUILTS THE
OPERA FOR STAGE**

NEW YORK, April 24.—Geraldine Farrar's voice will no longer be heard in operatic roles, it was announced tonight, when it became known that David Belasco, producer, had taken her under his management and would star her in dramatic productions. No longer a singer, the power play of the time Miss Farrar would make her first legitimate appearance.

While both Miss Farrar and Mr. Belasco refused to discuss the matter, it was understood that the producer had already arranged to have a play written "around" her. Miss Farrar made what she termed her final appearance in grand opera at the Metropolitan opera house Saturday night when she sang in "Zaza."

**NOTHING HAPPENS TO MAYOR
AND MANAGER OF CITY**

COLUMBUS, Ga., April 24.—The forty-eight hour time limit in which Mayor J. Holmes Dimon was ordered in letters sent him Saturday to dismiss two city officials, expired today, without any action of the city board of death or destruction having materialized.

If Gordon Hinkle, city manager, who came here recently from Atlanta, Ga., and E. M. Massey, superintendent of streets, were the men whom the letters asserted must leave their posts, but no specific reasons were given. While it was understood tonight the men were taking precautions, it was denied that they were being guarded.

Mr. Hinkle was attacked by several men Friday night, but was at his desk today with a bandaged head. The men claimed any of their threats has offered a reward of \$1,000 for them and local officials are seeking the authors of the letters which were signed "Unknown."

**OPERATIONS IN 27
MINES HAVE CLOSED**

FAIRMONT, W. Va., April 24.—Operations in 27 additional northern West Virginia coal mines were suspended today, according to reports reaching here. Those in touch with the situation said they believed it marked the beginning of a concerted effort on the part of operators to resume production.

Police in Japan are notified when anything goes wrong with one's automobile.

Read The Bee Wants

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS
FOR SALE—BEEF-STEAK AND BRIMMER Tomato Plants. Call 2055-J. 15c per dozen. 4-24B21

FOR SALE—GOOD AND FIXTURES
Cafe fixtures for sale. Located in Spray, N. C. Stock equipped Hot Dog stand. Reason for selling here rented larger place. Write or call O. M. Meeks, Spray, N. C. 4-22B21

LUMBER, FLOORING, CEILING,
siding, window and door frames, shingles, laths, roofings, builder's supplies. Low prices. Adams Lumber Co., Phone 1349-W. 4-20B1month

FLOWER PLANTS AND TOMATO
plants for sale. Phone H. A. Ciles, 144-W. 4-19B51Rsat.sun

—FOR SALE—
Old Paper for wrapping purposes. Cheap. The Register Publishing Co.

FOR SALE—2-TON INDIANA
truck in good working condition at a bargain. 1311 N. Main St., Danville, Va. 4-24B1R2c

FOR SALE—BIG LOT OF TOBACCO
sticks, \$2.50 per thousand. P. B. Gravelly Tobacco Co. 4-22B21

FOR SALE—OR WILL TRADE
for car, 1921, 22, 23, 24, of young fresh milk cows at City market, cattle pen. Powell & Allen, 4-23 R2 B1

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS
WANTED TO BUY—USED Corona or any portable typewriter. State price. P. O. Box 343, City. 4-25 R2B

WANTED—TO RENT HOUSE IN
good location at once. Mrs. F. R. Thomas, Phone 334-J. 4-21B1

ROOMS WANTED
WANTED—COUPLE WITHOUT children want two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address "S. J. B." care Bee. 4-22B1Rsun

SALESMEN WANTED
SPECIALTY SALESMEN WANTED.—For nationally advertised article. Every home a prospect. Opportunity for one willing to work. Call Room 210 Burton 7:30 to 9:30 p. m. 4-22B21R1

FOR RENT—HOUSES
FOR RENT—5-ROOM HOUSE on Arnett Road. Phone 181. 4-25B21

FOR RENT—TWO FIVE-ROOM
houses, all modern conveniences. Apply 1208 West Patton St., City. 4-25B21

FOR RENT—8-ROOM HOUSE,
512 Cliff St. Apply Riverside Overall Co. 4-12B1

MERE MENTION
Come to see "Daddy" a play to be given at Coates' School Thursday evening at 8:30 p. m. 4-25B21R2

MASONIC MEETING
Attention, Royal Arch Masons! Attend a called convocation of Euclid chapter, No. 15, R. A. M., to be held at Elks' Lodge room, Tuesday, April 25th, at 8 o'clock p. m. Work in the mark and past masters degree. E. G. ANDERSON, Sec. 4-25 R2B

GARD OF THANKS
We wish to thank the people shown us their kindness and sympathy through the illness and death of our darling little baby, Helen Bright Chester and for the many beautiful flowers. MR. & MRS. WALTER L. CHESTER

ATTENTION FORESTERS
Attend special meeting of Court Dan L. O. F. No. 4157 to be held Wednesday night, April 26th at 8 p. m. Officers to be elected. Come and meet George Ballou, Jr. of Toronto, Canada and F. T. Lindsey of Blue Ridge, Springs, Va. 4-24B21

H. A. DODD, R. S.
TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN
NOTICE!

At the May Term of the Corporation Court of the City of Danville in accordance with the terms of an Act of the General Assembly of Virginia, approved March 25th, 1920, we will apply for a license to sell ARDENT SPIRITS on prescription, pure fruit, ethyl or grain alcohol, for scientific, mechanical or pharmaceutical purposes, or wine for sacramental purposes.

PATTERSON DRUG CO.
G. B. UPDIKE, Manager. April 1, 1922. 4-11B1

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE
Chatham, Va., April 17, 1922. Addie Anglin Plaintiff versus Adrian Anglin's Admr. and others, Defendants

IN CHANCERY.
To Addie Anglin, J. A. Hodnett, Sheriff of Pittsylvania County, and as such administrator of Adrian Anglin, deceased; Charles Anglin, Donnie Anglin, Mary Anglin, Harbort Anglin, Fred Anglin, Kate Anglin, Walter Anglin, Elie Anglin, Hattie Anglin, George Anglin, Jno. Taylor Anglin, Henry Anglin, Rosa Anglin, McMillan, Ruth Anglin, Charles Anglin, William Anglin, Nanette Belle Murphy, Flora Anglin, Mary Anglin, Peck, Josie Anglin, Glen, Onie Anglin, Clellie Anglin, Robert Anglin, Harry Anglin, W. D. Craddock, Edie Craddock, Annie Craddock, Syrena Anglin and Little Anglin.

You are hereby notified that, pursuant to the provisions of a decree of the Circuit Court of Pittsylvania County, Virginia, rendered at the March term, 1922, in the above styled cause, to which you are parties, I have appointed the 2nd day of May, 1922, at the law office of Meade & Meade, at the City of Danville, Virginia, at 11 o'clock A. M. to proceed to take, state and report the following accounts, namely:

(1) An account of all the real estate whereof the late Adrian Anglin died seized and possessed.
(2) An account of the personal estate and of the said decedent at the time of his death, if any.
(3) An account of the debts and demands against the said Adrian Anglin, or his estate, and whether said debts, or any of them, are secured by liens on the real estate of said decedent, who are the beneficial holders thereof, and the priority and order in which the same are to be paid by law.

(4) An account showing in what estate the said Addie Anglin, widow of Adrian Anglin, is entitled to dower.
(5) An account of all other matters deemed necessary and pertinent by the Commissioner, or which may be required by any party in interest.
At what time and place you are required to attend.

Given under my hand as Commissioner in Chancery of the said Circuit Court, the day and year first above said.
W. M. TREDWAY, JR., Commissioner in Chancery. Meade & Meade, f. c. 4-18-B1c2c

Ninety per cent of the passenger car automobiles in China are driven by chauffeurs.

Want Ad Rates

THIS SIZE TYPE
10 a line Register or Bee, less 10 per cent for 10 consecutive insertions.
15c a line Register and Bee less 10 per cent for 10 consecutive insertions.
Rate for 6 months 7c a line Register or Bee, or 12c a line Register and Bee.
Rate for 12 months, 4c a line Register or Bee, or 10c a line Register and Bee.

THIS SIZE TYPE
16c a line Register or Bee, less 10 per cent for 10 consecutive insertions.
25c a line Register and Bee when run five consecutive times, less 10 per cent for 12 months. All Want Ads are payable in advance.
Want Ads, the cheapest way to advertise. The Register and Bee have over 50,000 daily readers.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

MILK 15c QT. BUTTERMILK 10c qt. Butter 50c lb. H. Green 40 pt. Producers Dairy, Phone 2151. Five Forks. 4-25B31

FOR HOUSE CLEANING CALL AT
518 Sycamore St., or drop card. 4-25B21

DON'T FORGET TO ASK ABOUT
the Steff Plan before buying. Address D. B. Shreve, Box 794, Danville, Va. 4-25B21

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT SALE
all over the store. Harnsbergers. 4-25 R2B1

DO YOUR SHOPPING THIS
week and save 20 per cent. Harnsbergers. 4-25 R2B1

PAINT UP—CLEAN UP
Danville Hardware Co., Phone 359 is the place to buy Alabastine Wall Finish, Certified Paints and Stains, Floor Wax, Paint and Scrub rushes, Rakes, Lawn Mowers, Garbage and Ash Cans, Rat and Mouse Traps, Slaked Lime, etc. BUY IT TODAY 4-24B21R21

FOR THE BEST SERVICE
CALL 150
FARLEY PLUMBING & HEATING CO. 4-14B21R1

ONE OF THE BEST
stocks of general merchandise for sale at public auction that has ever been offered to the public. You can get just what you want, and as much as you want. You lose one day and gain two months' saving. Do not lay this down, but cut it out and look at it every day so you will not miss this sale. Wednesday, April 26, 1922, at 2 p. m., New Design. Good road and a big saving. G. P. Owen, trustee; R. M. Foster, auct. B&R 4t

20 PER CENT DISCOUNT FIVE
days sale at 20 per cent discount all this week at Harnsbergers. 4-25 R2B1

IF YOU WANT ONE YARD OR
one thousand yards of sand we have it on hand. Specially convenient for truck hauling or can deliver where. Phone 363. H. E. McGuire. R21 B31

NOTICE—FOR PLUMBING AND
heating call Walker and Anderson Plumbing Co., 300 Bridge St. Phone 708. 4-25B21

W. R. EDMUNDS & COMPANY,
Heating and Plumbing, 121 Craddock Street. Phone 2157 and 1357. R2B1

"CHIROPRACTIC BRINGS BACK
Health." If you have tried other methods without results, give it a trial. R. E. Williams, D. C. Dudley building. Phone 1342. 4-24B21

PIEDMONT SEASON STARTS
next Wednesday. All but one sign on fence sold. Better see me at once. Season tickets \$40 on sale at my place. P. R. Scherer. 4-22 R2B2

WE HANDLE WINDOWS, DOORS,
red cedar shutters, Beaver Brand, ceiling, siding, flooring especially. Bryant-Shreve Lumber Co., Dry Fork, Va. 4-11B1R1

BEST SHOE REPAIRING
A. Witt, 108 St. Union St. 2-5B1

"STAR BRAND" SHOES ARE
better. Dodson's Shoe Store, 123 N. Union street. 5-25-B1F

FOR RENT—ROOMS
FOR RENT—FURNISHED HEATED room Sutherland Ave. Phone 775. 4-25B21

FOR RENT—ONE NICELY FUR-
nished room, hot and cold water. Close to business at 547 Main St. 4-24B21

FOR RENT—A NICE NEW
apartment. Four rooms and bath. Steam heat and all other modern conveniences. Apply 215 Mt. Vernon Ave. 4-24B21

FOR RENT—7 ROOM HEATED,
modern apartment Centrally located. Possession May 1st. Rent "Apartment" on Bee. 4-25B21

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED
rooms for light housekeeping. \$40. Patton St. phone 1539-J. 4-24B21

FOR SALE—HOUSES
FOR SALE—ONE SIX-ROOM house, one three-room house, also three lots adjoining John Dockery, School field, Va. R2B1

FOR SALE—7-ROOM HOUSE,
all modern improvements, garage, servants' room and nice building lot. 112 Montague St., near Mt. Vernon and N. Main St. Write cheap lot cash only. Phone 1513-W. 4-21B21

BOARD WANTED
WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM by young lady, desirable location, automobiles in China are driven by chauffeurs. 4-25 R2B1

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of DANVILLE

JAS. PRITCHETT, President
D. A. VERBEY, Vice President
B. V. BOOTH, Vice Pres. and Cash.
JAMES BUSTARD, Asst. Cash.
J. NELSON BENTON, Asst. Cash.

Oldest, Largest and Strongest Bank in Danville

SMALL ACCOUTS

Many people make the mistake of delaying the opening of a Savings Account until they have what they consider to be a substantial amount. There is no reason why anyone should hesitate to bring small amounts to this institution, as we cordially welcome deposits of \$1.00 and upwards, and pay 4 per cent. compound interest on all accounts.

RESOURCES OVER EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS

H. D. Fitzgerald
Heating and Plumbing Contractor

"ARCOLA" Headquarters

Estimates Free
Work Guaranteed
410 Patton—Phone 518

Leeland Motor Company

Motor Repairing
Overhauling
Car Washing
Storage

THE BEST MECHANICAL FORCE IN THE CITY

THE GLOBE

204 N. Union St.

Men's and Young Men's Spring Suits, neatly made, late models, Serges and Cassimeres, \$14.95.

IT'S IN THE TAILORING

There are no clothes like custom-tailored clothes. Very few men are built alike, therefore it is necessary for perfect fit to

UP TO DATE METHODS



Make our laundry work as perfect as human effort can be. We have the very latest machinery, use the very best soaps, etc. No home washing can compare with our work either in quality or economy. Let us do your washing next week and you'll admit the truth.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED AT 50c PAIR

PHONE
No.
85



331-333
PATTON
STREET

Announcement

We have installed a Kodak Department. Bring your films to be developed and printed to

Dunford's Studio

Reverie, M. Williams, Mgr. Kodak Department



Full Line Of

Goodyear

and

Firestone Tires

All sizes pneumatic tires and tubes from 28x3 to 40x8

Also any size solids. Special prices on 34x4 and 35x4 1-2 cords.

Dodge Brothers Sales & Service.

Phone 1231

Piedmont Motor Co.

PATTON AT BRIDGE



TIGER AND TIGER SAY:
OUR HARDWARE WEARS.

Mobley-Graham-Jones Co., Inc.

Wholesale and Retail

Plumbers' Accessories and Mill Supplies. All kinds pipe and fittings, packings, valves, etc. Hardware, Roofing

215-220-222 Main St. Phone 1584

New

Spring

Furnishings

Neckwear

Underwear

and

Knox Hats

Prices Reasonable



TURNER'S
219 Main St.

GRINNELL GLOVES

are now being handled by the Epsy Ferrell Shop. These gloves are imported, silk and kid. Sports and dressy. Perfect in every way.

EPSY FERRELL SHOP

Phone 2214-W Schoolfield, Va.

"We Invite Comparison"

WHEN YOU ARE

In a hurry for a pair of good glasses, call to see me. I grind the lenses myself and can have the glasses ready for you at a short notice.

EYES TESTED WITHOUT CHARGE

Phone 371-J
Office No. 5
Entrance
Market St.

DR. B. LEVINSON
OPTICIAN

Over the
First National
Bank
Danville, Va.

Wrecked: Plane, Life and Hopes



First photo of the wrecked airplane in which Sir Ross Smith, famous Australian aviator who planned to fly around the world, lost his life. It crashed in a trial flight at Brooklands, England.

LLOYD GEORGE ONLY OPTIMIST AT GENOA CONFERENCE

BY H. N. RICKEY

GENOA, April 25.—Lloyd George has patched up peace with the Germans.

"They tried to wreck his conference but he has shown the lengths to which he is willing to go to keep the Genoa party intact at least long enough to get together with the Russians."

The Germans are once more in official good standing—having accepted the allies' demand that they withdraw from the commission discussing the Russian question.

In effect their punishment for violating the confidence of the allies was a slap on the wrist. They got what they wanted—a separate and advantageous treaty with Russia, which potentially is a threat to the rest of Europe, in a military as well as an economic way. And the allies seem helpless to deliver a counter-stroke.

Germany, by double-crossing the allies, also made it much more difficult for the allies to deal with the Russians. If the Germans had not made a secret Russian treaty the allies and the Russian probably would have reached an agreement by this time.

Difficulties now are greatly increased, although Lloyd George insists he has great confidence that an agreement will be reached.

The worst result of the German-Russian incident so far as this conference is concerned is that it practically precludes accomplishing an economic settlement.

Most, if not all, of the economic, financial and transportation questions will be referred either to the League of Nations or to a conference of international bankers to be called later probably by the Bank of England with the United States Federal Reserve bank invited to join.

It is admitted that questions of exchange and currency inflation are for banking experts and not for statesmen or politicians, and that they cannot be handled successfully at this kind of a conference.

The most now expected of Genoa, even by optimists, is some sort of Russian agreement, possibly to be followed by the adoption of Lloyd George's 10-year non-aggression program.

A week ago adoption of this plan seemed practically assured. Now it is doubtful if France will agree, owing to the Germans having shown their teeth.

The French in private talk are saying that the German-Russian treaty is merely another step in Germany's policy of trying to avoid payment of reparations, and that the French army, with its threat of invasion, is their only hope of making Germany pay.

Lloyd George, in a statement just issued, says that without a 10-year non-aggression agreement the conference will be a failure.

The British premier may be expected to bring all possible pressure on the French to force compliance with this program.

It must be said that Lloyd George is nearly alone in his prediction that non-aggression be adopted. No one else is so optimistic. But, as one of his friends points out, he has been accomplishing the seemingly impossible for a good many years—and he may be able to put this over despite all difficulties.

DANIEL'S TOE DARWIN WITNESS

NEW YORK, April 24.—Darwin was right according to Dr. Dudley J. Morton, an orthopedist who has just completed a study of the feet of John Daniels, the young gorilla, who after his death was turned over to the American Museum of Natural History. Careful dissection and study, Dr. Morton told the New York Academy of Sciences at a recent meeting, has shown that it was possible for evolution to have converted the gorilla into man. The result of his study, Dr. Morton said, definitely removed what some had considered insurmountable obstacles to the theory of Darwin.

Bones of gorilla feet have been held to show that evolution into human feet was an impossibility. Dr. G. S. Miller of the National Museum in Washington has analyzed the bones of the gorilla foot and has found that the gorilla foot presented to the theory of our common origin in the anthropoid stock. In the first place he found that in gorilla feet the great toe is grasping, like a thumb, and the joint on which it moved is founded, so that it could not evolve. He found another reason for doubting the Darwin theory in the fact that the length of the toes in the anthropoid compared with human fingers.

In a talk before the Academy Dr. Morton used lantern slide to explain his findings and took up Dr. Miller's statements. He said it always had been contended that the great toe was the faulty member which prevented evolution. To make evolution possible, he said, the toe would have to be twisted 90 degrees, so that the plantar surface would be turned toward the ground as other anthropoid toes are.

He found that in the gorilla foot, instead of the great toe being 100 per cent. at blame, there was a twisting of the metatarsal bones so that the four outer toes were twisted toward the great toe and the great toe twisted toward the outer. In other words, he continued, instead of the great toe being solely to blame, responsibility should be shared by the other toes.

"In infant gorillas," Dr. Morton said, "we have this twisting to a marked degree. It was distinctly diminished in John Daniels, who was captured as an infant and did not have the opportunity for tree climbing. Instead of using its feet to grasp with it, the infant had to use them to walk on flat ground. Gorillas in adult life get too big to take to the trees and so in adult specimens we find this 'untwisting' has occurred fully 50 per cent. toward the condition we find in human beings. As

TRUE DEMOCRACY IN THE MIDDY BLOUSE



THE middie is almost more than a garment; it has become an institution.

It appeared more than a dozen years ago, yet the middie still enjoys universal popularity. No other garment has been able to displace it in the school girl's wardrobe, no other is likely to for years to come.

Though it is really a kind of uniform, the versatile middie has achieved an almost incredible variety through being developed in so many colors and fabrics, with different little changes from year to year to keep it quite up to the minute in smartness.

The middie of this spring, for instance is following the long-waisted mode of the moment, and the fullness is gathered into a wide girdle which buttons on each hip with three buttons.

White, navy, red and khaki are the traditional colors for the middie, but newest and gayest is a bright hunter's green flannel middie, trimmed with white braid or none at all. Worn with gray tweed knickers, such a middie is just the thing for camp days, towards which half the girls in the country are eagerly looking.

Linen or some stout cotton imitation of it are usually used for the summer middie, but a sturdy white tub silk of close, firm weave is also used and for strenuous tennis games, or other active sports will be found cooler than linen. The short sleeve is usually liked for the summer mid-

Further evidence humans still retain a slight twisting of the big toe. Dr. Morton took up the objection to evolution presented by the four-joint surface which allows the animal to project its great toe from the side of the foot, as the thumb is able to do. "Up man," he said, "this joint still retained a mild degree of curvature, but was distinctly flattened, which limited its projecting movement. There has been found, he said, a similar flattening in species of South American monkeys admittedly descended from an earlier type possessing the same rounded joint as the gorilla."

In the feet of John Daniels he found evidence that the length of anthropoid toes was not an insurmountable obstacle to evolution. The gorilla length of toes, due to early arboreal use, is more exaggerated in the chimpanzee, a definite arboreal animal. In John Daniels, who had never had the opportunity for exercising the art of tree climbing, Dr. Morton said that he found there had been a marked lessening of the length of the toes.

By the application of formulas such as might be estimated as the result of ground life through numerous generations, he found the length of toes would be admittedly reduced to the human measurement. Dr. Morton said it had been found that the peroneus tertius, heretofore never found outside the human race, was definitely present in John Daniels. The function of this muscle is to hold up the upper border of the foot. It was developed in human beings, according to anatomists, to hold the sole of the foot in a position to come down flat on the ground. The arboreal foot is turned inward so the soles face each other.

Nearly 12 per cent of automobile operating costs goes for gasoline.



We specialize in accordion, Box Knife and Combination Pleating, Expert French Dry Cleaning, Steam Pressing, Dyeing, Hat renovating, tailoring and alterations.

U. S. STREET

The Expert French Dry Cleaner and Dyers Phone 1533
419 Patton St.
Branch Office: 320 N. Main Street Danville, Va.

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF BUYING A CAR,

It will pay you to look these over.

Ford Coupe, used 3 months.
Olds Eight 4-Passenger,
1921 Ford Truck Panel Body,
1920 Ford Truck, Express Body,
Buick Five-Passenger,
Paige 5-Passenger,
Buick Roadster,
Franklin Roadster.

Terms If Desired
Bring us your car if you wish to sell it.

Leeland Used Car Exchange

O'Dell Auto Top & Paint Co.

Automobile Painting, Trimming, Upholstering, Seat Covers, General Top and Body Equipment.
Phone 2232 Leeland Garage

LET US WIRE YOUR HOME

Lowest Prices. Quality Considered

Clarke Electric Co.

545 Main St. Phone 322-J

Established 1906 POWELL SIGN WORKS

Everything Modern no long waits
Phone 1888 425 Main St.
Over U. S. Woolen Mills

FOR SALE

2-1917 Ford Touring
1-1920 Ford Touring
1-1921 Ford Touring
All in A-1 Condition.
Price \$12.00 and up.
POWELL MOTOR CO.

G. C. Taylor's

Jewelry Store

Where price and quality count. Jewelry and watches moderately priced. Also expert watch repairing, satisfaction guaranteed. Where?

119 MARKET STREET

T. A. FOX & CO.

Funeral Directors

Since 1842

Now located in Leeland Hotel Bldg.

PHONE 46

GIFTS THAT PLEASE

Diamonds, Pearls, Cameo Brooches, Vanity Cases, Cuff Links, Chains, LaValliers, Cigarette Cases, Belt Buckles, Rings in all the latest styles. A few 14-k White Gold, 15 Jewel Wrist Watches at 23.50. Special prices on all merchandise except Victrolas and Kodaks.



FREE ENGRAVING

P. P. BOOTH & CO.

KODAKS VICTROLAS RECORDS

5c Superior 5c Mints

All Popular Flavors

—On Sale—

In all leading Cafes, Fruit Stands, Newstands, Lunch Rooms and Drug Stores.

THE EXPERT OPTICIANS

In all Galeski establishments are interested in making their skill, knowledge and experience helpful to all who come to us for eyeglass work.

This is the spirit of Galeski Service, and is that which has made us foremost in our field for longer than many can remember.

The S. Galeski Optical Co.

Manufacturing and Dispensing Opticians
520 MAIN STREET. KODAK HEADQUARTERS

NOTICE TO RESIDENTS OF NORTH MAIN AND WEST MAIN STREETS

The last car for Schoolfield leaves North Main St. Terminus at 11 p. m. and corner Main and Craghead at 11:10 p. m.

This is half an hour later than heretofore.

Danville Traction & Power Co.

CHAS. C. JOHNSON, GEN. MGR.

It Costs No More to Buy a Kelly

30x3 1-2

Kant-Slip Fabrics

\$14.90

Other Sizes Reduced in Proportion

	FABRIC	CORD	TUBES
Sizes	Black Tread Kant Slip	Kant-Slip Block and Button or Grooved Tread	Red
30x3	\$12.90		\$2.15
30x3 1-2	14.90	\$18.95	2.70
31x4	24.00	29.60	3.85
32x4	27.50	32.75	3.45
33x4	28.50	33.75	3.60
34x4	29.75	34.95	3.70

Crowell Auto Co.

Danville, Va.